

HIV prevention for the community and with the community

*Peer-driven delivery of long-acting injectable cabotegravir
for key populations: preliminary findings from Beira,
Mozambique*

A. Flores, M. Barrios, R. Sabuni, Z. Seni, V.
Carlos, N. Mulieca, S.J. Steele, L. O'Connell,
T. Ellman, P. Isaakidis, A. Couto

[Diversity / Choice / Advocacy]

PrEP: From Daily Pill to Long-Acting Protection



WHAT IS PrEP?

Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)

- Antiretroviral medication taken before potential HIV exposure
- Prevents HIV from establishing infection in the body
- Evidence-based strategy for populations at heightened risk

ORAL PrEP (TDF/FTC): THE CHALLENGE

Adherence-Dependent Efficacy

- Daily pill burden demands strict, uninterrupted adherence
- Visible pill bottle: stigma and disclosure risk for key populations
- Missed doses create real-world protection gaps

LONG-ACTING PrEP: NEW OPTIONS

Beyond the Pill: Two Approved Modalities

- CAB-LA (cabotegravir): bimonthly injection: adherence-independent, discreet
- Dapivirine vaginal ring: monthly insert, user-controlled, private

Both modalities WHO-prequalified and recommended for key populations at substantial HIV risk

Background

Setting & Context

- **Setting:** Beira District, an urban, high-HIV-burden corridor city; MSF-supported community clinics and outreach sites using a peer-driven, (2014)

- **Epidemiological context:**

Mozambique

~2.1M people living with HIV | 12.5% national adult prevalence (INSIDA 2022)

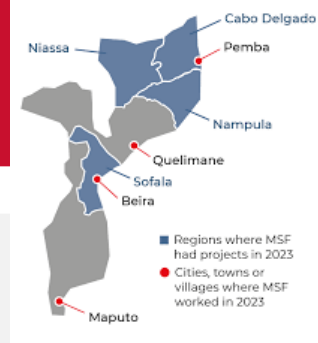
Sofala province

Prevalence >15%

Key populations:

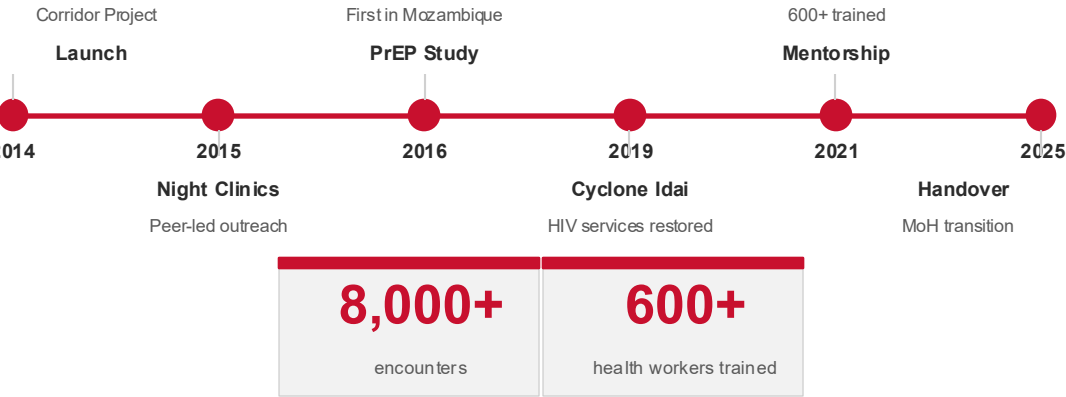
stigma, criminalisation, gender-based violence

→ **low prevention access**



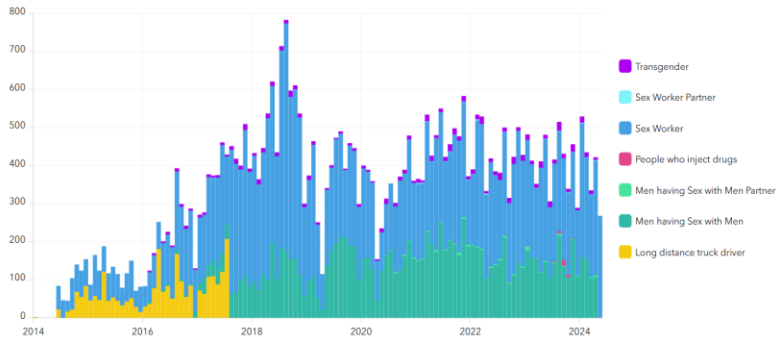
MSF Beira: Peer-Driven HIV Prevention for Key Populations (2014-2025)

Launched in 2014 as part of a multi-country corridor response to HIV: MSF delivered peer-driven, community-led prevention and care to key populations in Beira for 11 years, transitioning all services to the Ministry of Health in 2025.



Peer Educators KP members as health advocates, building trust through shared experience and community networks	Mobile Outreach Night clinics meeting FSW and MSM on location, when they are safest	System Building Mentorship of 600+ health workers; full handover to MoH and local organisations in 2025
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Key population group



KEY POPULATIONS SERVED

Female sex workers	Men who have sex with men	Transgender people
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Study Design

Objectives

Primary objective

Evaluate the feasibility and acceptability of integrating CAB-LA into peer-driven PrEP outreach for key populations.

Outcome measures

Uptake: Timing and rates of CAB-LA adoption.

Persistence: Usage patterns and PrEP continuation.

Clinical: Safety, adverse events, and seroconversions.

Feasibility: Acceptability and process efficiency.

Methodology

- Prospective mixed-methods cohort
- embedded in a choice-based PrEP programme

Study period: July 2025 - June 2026

Sample: N=200 (CABLA study)



Munhava



Inhamizua



Takahezana



Lambda

Quantitative Component

- Prospective cohort in HIV-negative KPs (≥ 18 years)
- Drop-in centres (DICs) and primary healthcare
- Outcomes: uptake, persistence, clinical safety



Qualitative Component

- Methods: In-depth interviews (IDI), n=16
- Sampling: Purposive
- Analysis: Thematic



Results

Participants' characteristics

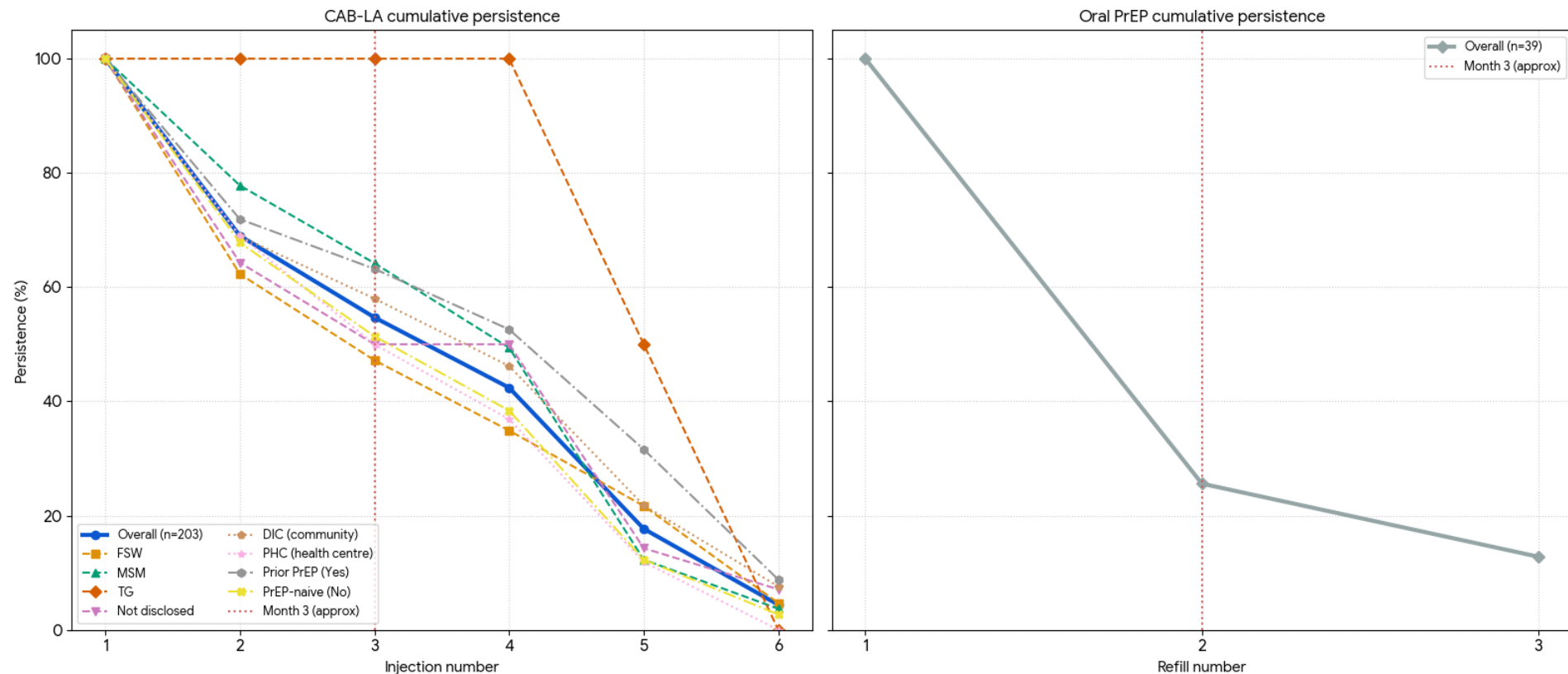
Characteristic	Overall (N=240)	FSW (N=115)	MSM/TG (N=106)	Undisclosed (N=19)
Age, median [IQR]	24.0 [20–30]	25.0 [21–30]	22.5 [20–29]	23.0 [19–29]
Previous PrEP use, n (%)	64 (26.7%)	36 (31.3%)	25 (23.6%)	3 (15.8%)
Perceived HIV risk, n (%)	199 (82.9%)	100 (87.0%)	84 (79.2%)	15 (78.9%)
Delivery site – DIC, n (%)	127 (52.9%)	70 (60.9%)	48 (45.3%)	9 (47.4%)

Results

PrEP Choice at baseline

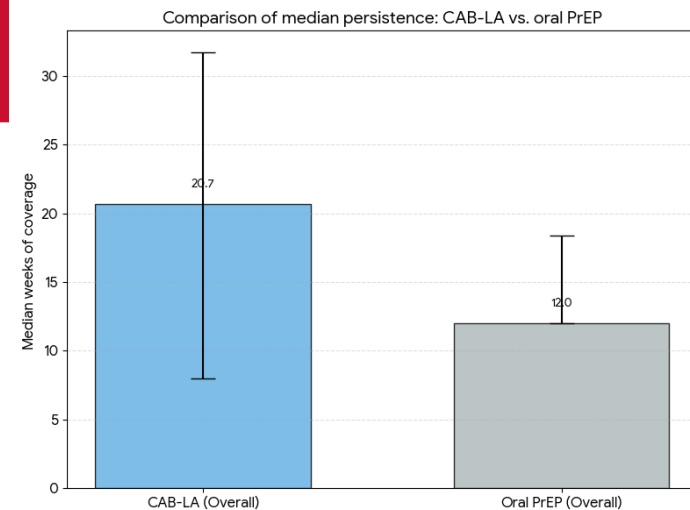
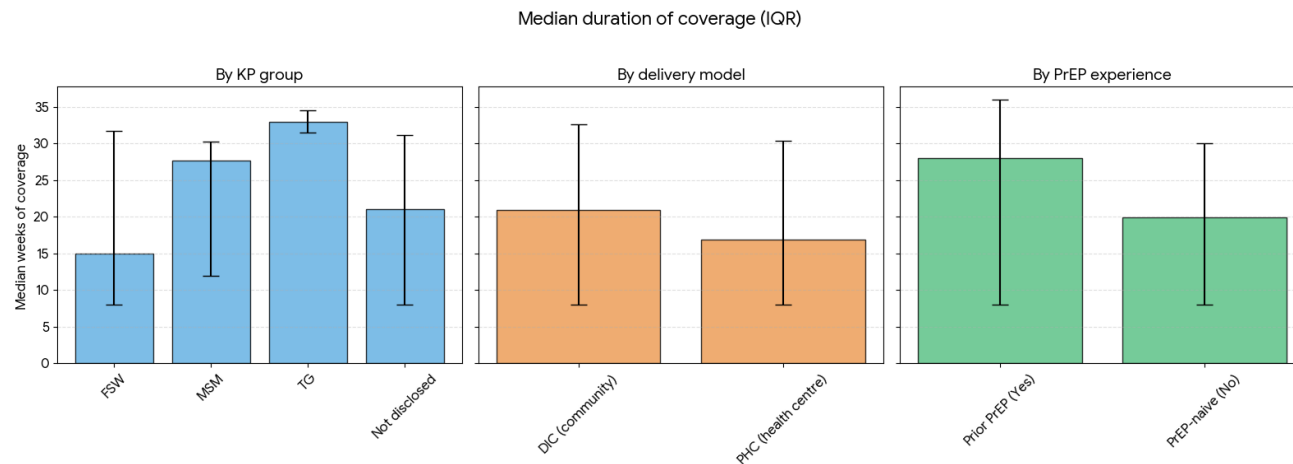
Subgroup	CAB-LA %
Overall (n=220)	86%
FSW (n=115)	95%
MSM (n=103)	77%
Transgender (n=2)	100%
DIC – community	96%
PHC – facility	75%
PrEP-naive	87%
Prior oral PrEP users	79%

Results

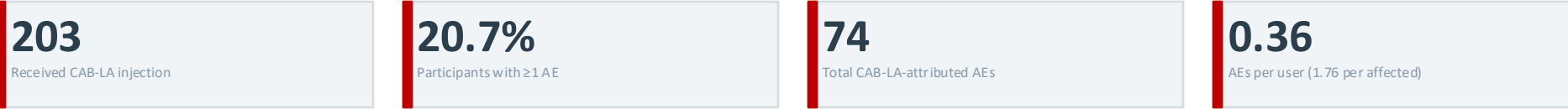


Results

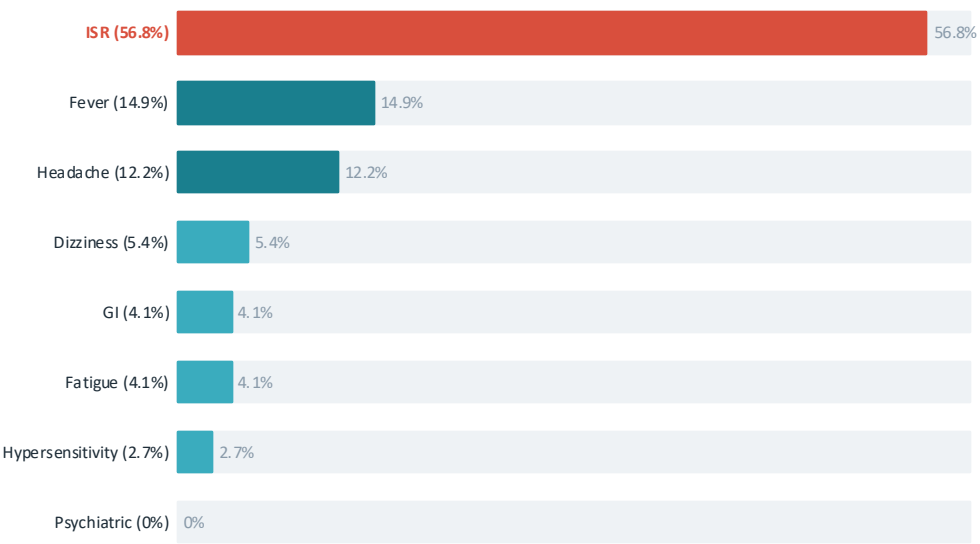
PrEP coverage



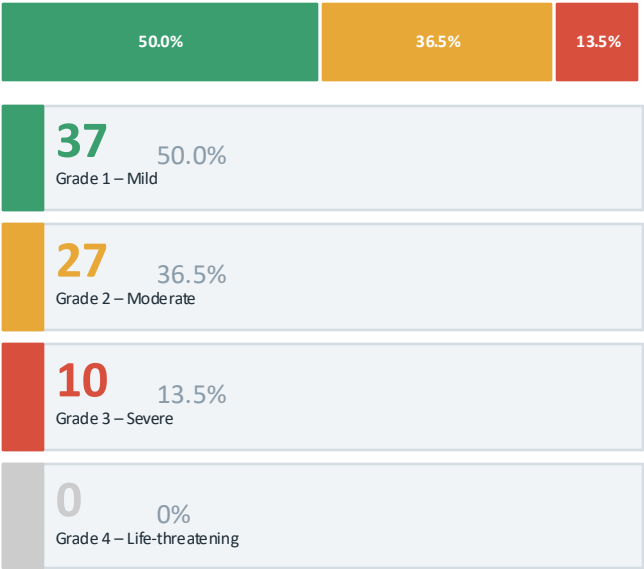
Adverse Events — CAB-LA Injections (N = 203)



AE Category Breakdown (% of 74 AEs)



DAIDS Severity Grade Distribution (74 AEs)



ISR sub-types (n=42 ISR events): Pain/discomfort 88.1% · Swelling 19.0% · Nodule 14.3% · Induration 7.1%

Community Voices on PrEP and CAB-LA

n=16 IDIs and FGDs | Beira, October 2025 | Translated from Portuguese

MESSAGING



In the beginning, we said PrEP is an antiretroviral. That word created distrust. We had to say: PrEP is a medication that prevents HIV. Only then did people begin to accept it.

Community activist, FGD, Takaezana

ORAL PrEP



I used oral PrEP before. Honestly, I don't like it... it's not easy taking medication every day... and in my mind it says I'm not sick.

FSW, IDI, Takaezana

CONVENIENCE



It's the kind of thing where you just get the injection and go home, only come back at the next appointment.

FSW, IDI, Takaezana

DISCRETION



The injectable is better because nobody sees anything at home.

Multiple IDIs

CONTINUOUS PROTECTION



With the injection I'm protected the whole month.

Multiple IDIs

Barriers to PrEP Access and Continuation

n=16 IDIs and FGDs | Beira, October 2025 | Translated from Portuguese

ACCESS



My friends there can't make it... there's no transport... there's no PrEP at the nearest health unit.

MSM, IDI, Inhamizua, October 2025

ADVERSE EFFECTS

KEY FINDING

Reactions included headache, nausea, myalgia radiating to the leg, and generalised body pain. Severity was unpredictable: some tolerated the loading dose well, others experienced severe reactions at the second injection. At least two participants were bed-ridden for days; one required hospitalisation.

Provider accounts and FGDs

PILL STIGMA



These tablets are the same as what HIV-positive people take. The first time I went to collect oral PrEP, I ran into my neighbour who is studying nursing — she was very upset, telling me I should not take those tablets because they were for seropositive people. She couldn't tell the difference.

MSM, FGD, Takaezana, October 2025

Results — Limitations

Limited impact assessment

No data on HIV incidence reduction, population impact, long-term protection, or behavioural/STI changes

Ongoing study

37.1% still in follow-up at analysis

Descriptive analysis; final analysis expected in August 2026

Generalisability

Findings based on MSF-supported community structures & choice-based design

Not directly transferable to rural or lower-resource settings without similar support



PrEP à tua maneira. | A tua escolha, a tua proteção.

A tua saúde importa.

A PrEP vem na forma que funciona melhor para TI:
Comprimido diário OU Injeção a cada 2 meses.
Fica forte, fica em segurança.

Espaço Comunitário Takahezana • Espaço Comunitário Lambda • CS Munhava • CS Inhamizua

Rápido | Confidencial | Gratuito

Pergunta hoje pelas tuas opções de PrEP!

Key takeaways

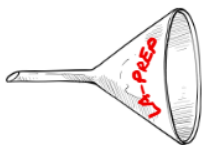
- PrEP choice is the new standard: it gives people autonomy and improves prevention effectiveness
- People who need it most are generally marginalised and excluded from access
- LA PrEP in a community model could improve access, uptake and continuation
- Community networks are key to scaling up prevention and must be resourced adequately



Thank you, what's next?

- ViiV (only supplier of CAB-LA) **currently refuses to quote prices or sell CAB-LA to MSF for middle-income countries (MICs)** unless a non-disclosure agreement (NDA) is signed.
- MSF is **refusing ViiV's confidentiality request**, as pricing transparency helps ensure public scrutiny and accountability, which can lead to more affordable, accessible drugs.

Middle-income
country



~~Lenacapavir~~

~~CAB-LA~~

MICs excluded from Global Fund/Gilead/PEPFAR agreement, and/or voluntary licence for generics

MICs excluded by ViiV insistence on NDA



"ViiV has demonstrated through its latest ad campaign that it understands very well that secrecy isn't good for ending the HIV epidemic. Why is it insisting on silence in its procurement policies?"

- Antonio Flores, Senior HIV/TB Advisor