

Innovative Interventions for Learning and Development: Improving Psychiatric Care Through Remote Training and Supervision

Jan – Dec 2020

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Background

• In 2013 MSF started activity for people with psychiatric disorders in 'stand alone' mental health (MH) activities in the Middle East.

 Care was delivered by primary care doctors with national and expat psychiatrists, as supervisors.

• Rapid increase in demand.

Background

 Due to the rapidly increasing MH needs and the global shortage of MH professionals, MSF implemented the WHO Mental Health Gap Action Program (mhGAP)

 mhGAP aims at task-shifting psychiatric care to non-specialists

Telemedicine (TM) Psychiatrist Position

• MSF Canada TM program implemented a full-time psychiatrist based in Amman, Jordan.

• This specialist's main responsibility was to deliver psychiatric training and supervision using WHO's mhGAP training.

Store & forward (S&F): written cases uploaded on a platform and answered by different specialists

💽 DOWNLOAD 🗸

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COMMENT

ALLOCATE

Comments only

Presenting Complaint

RESOLVE

Disorganised speech Hallucinations Elated mood No insight into his condition

History of Presenting Complaint

Patient reported to MSF clinic on 2.3.21.

He came with history of hodding rubbish, persecutory delusions, hallucinations, sleeplessness, food refusal and increased interest in women.

He had left his parents for about 2 years but was found in that situation.

He was using Nicotine and alcohol and feels very bad when his drug use is talked about.

Past Medical History 1

No surgical or chronic medica condition.

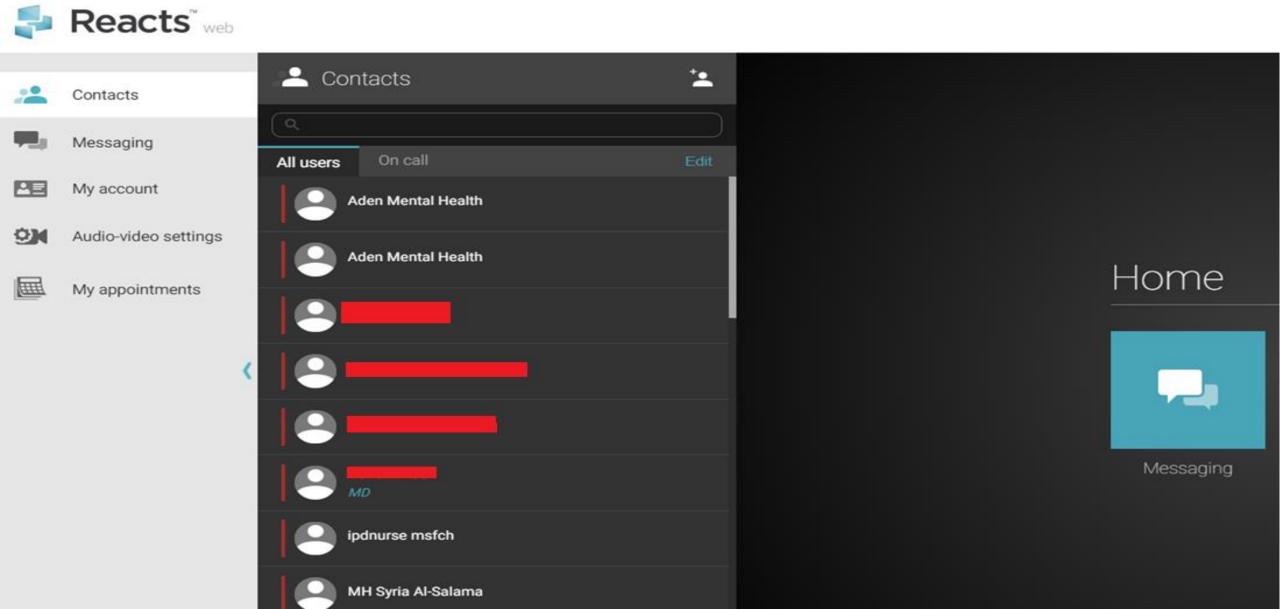
Physical Examination ()

Bp- 95/80 mmHg

Working Diagnosis

Substance Induced BAD

REACTS: real time videoconferencing for teleconsultations and supervision sessions

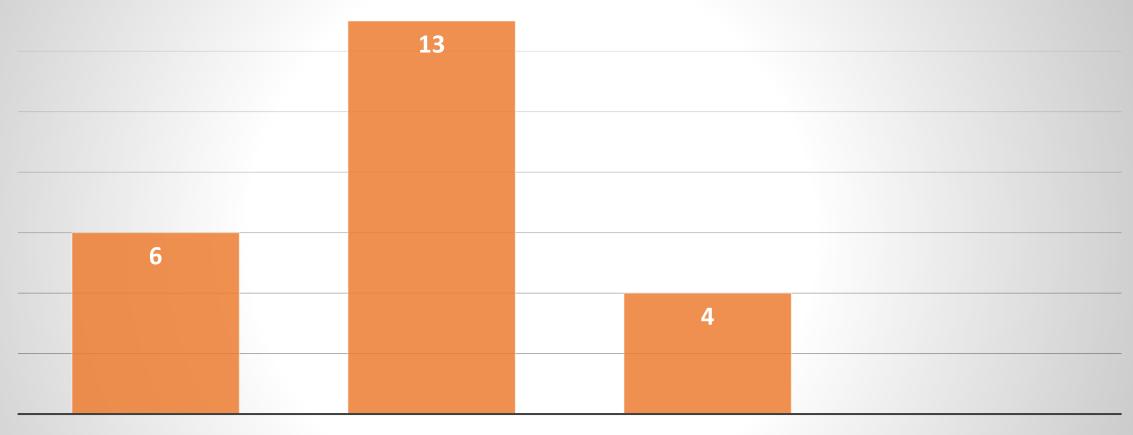


Siilo: secure medical messaging application



Quantitative data: Jan – Dec 2020

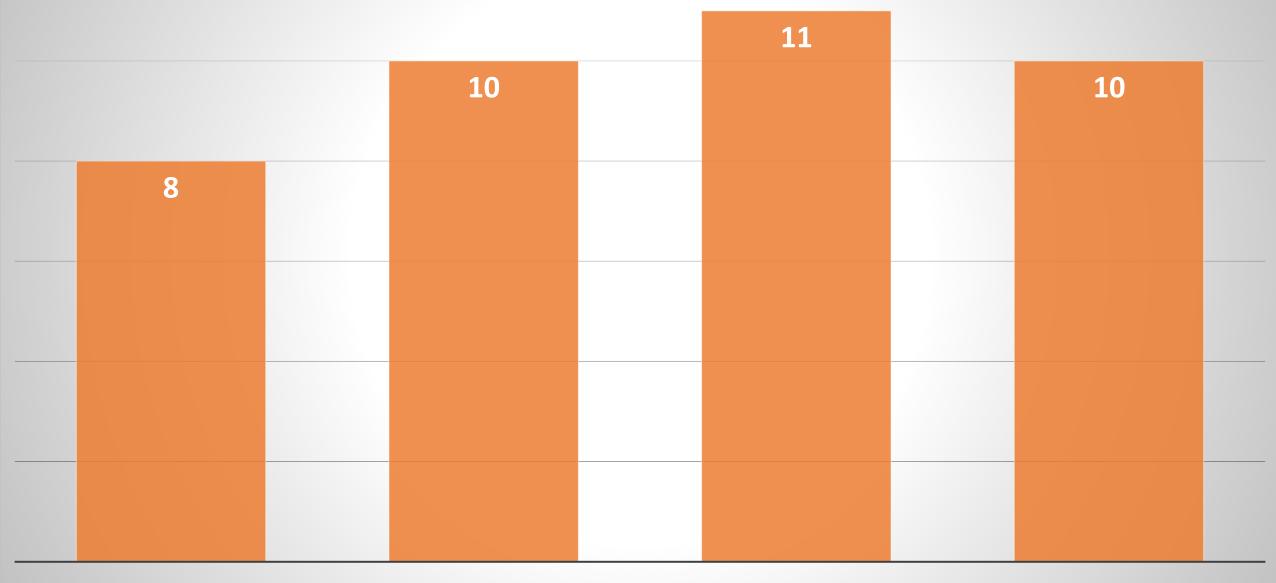
Projects receiving mhGAP Training and TM Supervision



NO OF PROJECTS THATNO OF PROJECTS THATNO OF PROJECTS THATRECEIVED MHGAPRECEIVED TM SUPERVISION RECEIVED BOTH TRAINING +TRAININGAND CONSULTATIONTM SUPERVISION,
CONSULTATION

OC	Mission, Project	MhGAP Training	TM Supervision
OCA	Iraq, Kirkuk	Х	X
	*Myanmar, multiple projects	Х	
OCBA	Syria, North Aleppo	Х	
	Sudan, Khartoum		Х
	Yeman, Abs		Х
	Yeman, Hajjah		Х
OCG	Iraq, Mosul	Х	Х
	Iraq, Sinuni		Х
ОСР	Syria, Atmeh	Х	Х
	Iraq, BMRC		Х
	Iraq, Qayyarah		Х
	Malawi, Chiradzulu		Х
	Palestine, Nablus		Х
	Uganda, Arua		X
	Yemen, Aden	Х	Х

Total number of clinicians that received mhGAP training per country



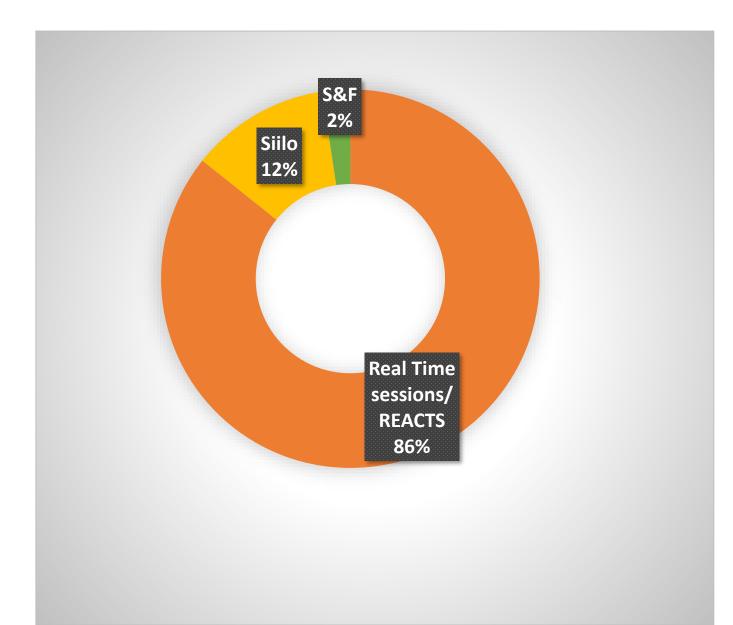
IRAQ



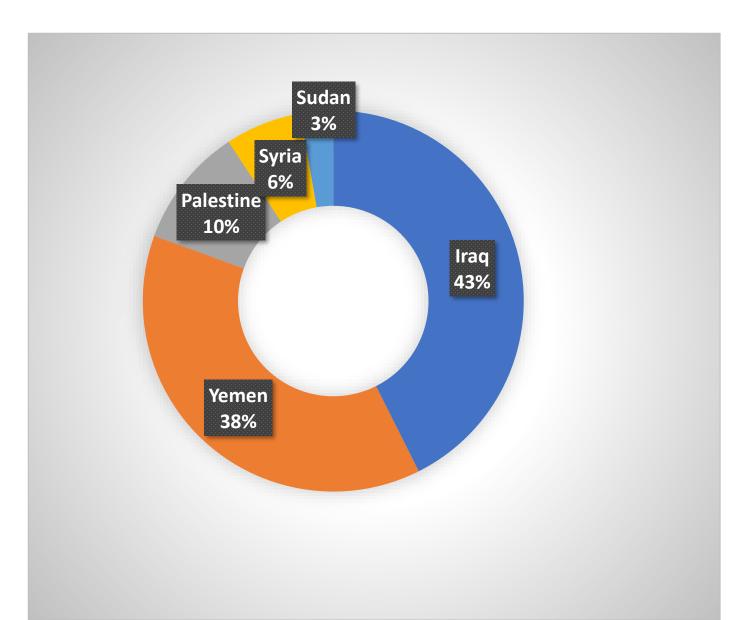
TM supervision sessions and consultations in numbers and impact

Total number of patients	120		Monthly Telepsychiatry case trends - 2020				
Total number of sessions	205 divided into		35				
	Teleconsultations: 82 cases	Supervision: 123 sessions	<u>*</u>				
Change in final diagnosis after supervision	28 (23.4%)						
Change in management plan after supervision	104 (86.7%)		3 2 4 2 0 JAN FEB MARCH APR MAY JUNE JULY AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC				

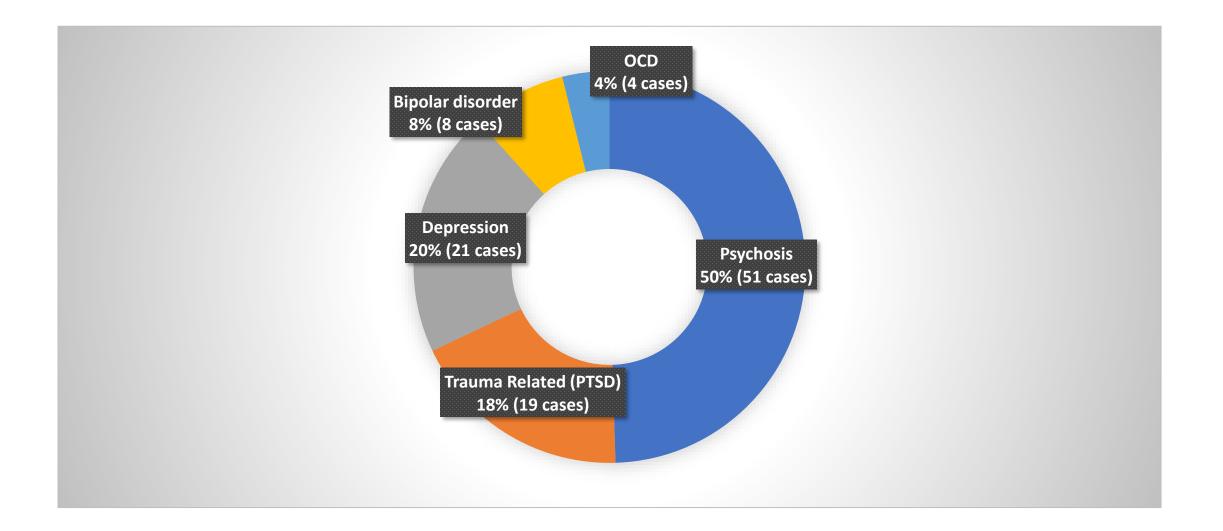
Case distribution by mode of consultation



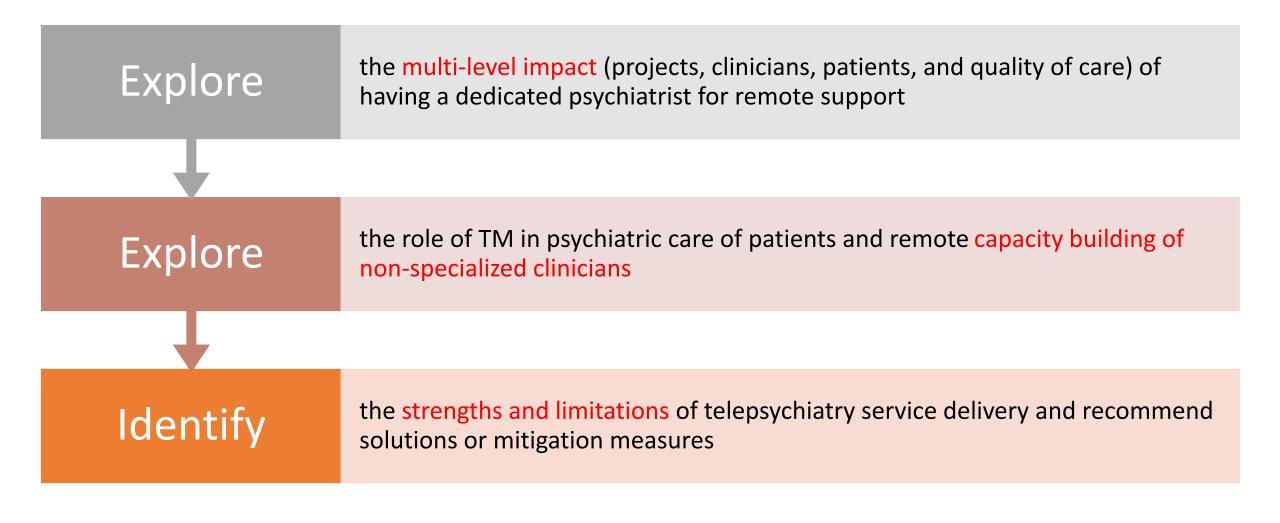
Case distribution by country



Common presenting conditions



An evaluation of the position was conducted after 1 year to:



Methodology



Stakeholder	Number of participants	Activity	Data source
MH Advisors	4	Written responses	OCA, OCBA, OCG, OCP
MH Activity Managers (MHAMs)	2	Interview	OCA Kirkuk Iraq OCP Aden Yemen
			OCP Aden Yemen
National Staff (general	8	Interview, written responses	OCBA Syria NAP
physicians)			OCBA Yemen Abs
			OCBA Yemen Hajja
			OCG Iraq Mosul West
			OCG Iraq Sinuni
			OCP Uganda Arua
			OCP Syria Atmeh
			OCP Yemen Aden
TM Implementer/ Psychiatrist	1	Interview	TM Psychiatrist, MSF Canada

Qualitative Findings



MH Advisors – HQ Perspectives



MHPSS service delivery and addressing preidentified gaps



Provision for Clinical psychiatric care



Capacity building of the field team



Challenges / opportunities

• Overall experience

MHAMs – Field Mangers' Perspectives • Impact on case volume • Impact on quality of care

Impact on field clinicians

• Challenges

• Clinical psychiatric services

GPs – Field Clinician's perspectives

Supervision sessions

• mhGAP training

Referral rate

• Challenges

TM Psychiatrist

Implementer's Perspectives

- mhGAP training
- TM Supervision sessions
- Operational issues
- Teleconsultations



Recommendations



Pedagogical approach to mhGAP training



Investing and upgrading ICT infrastructure for Telemedicine



Standardized approach to TM supervision / case discussion sessions / virtual consultations (Toolkit for implementation)



Refinement in data collection system capturing impact indicators and involving field in the process



Telemedicine program: review, adapt and replicate service delivery for telemental health services (includes HR & sustainability component)



Conduct an operational research to assess effectiveness of model in MSF context

Conclusion

The model did address major preidentified gaps for MHPSS service delivery in regional context; mainly enabling task-shifting at projects by training and capacity building, broadening the range of services including clinical psychiatry component in several projects and filling the short

The evaluation also demonstrated added value of telepsychiatric consultations on clinical care of patients by increasing diagnostic precision and positively influencing patient management plan

gaps

Limitations



QUANTITATIVE DATA

QUALITATIVE DATA

Ethics



This work met the requirements for exemption from MSF Ethics Review Board review, and was conducted with permission from Clair Mills, former Medical Director, Operational Centre Paris, MSF, and Sebastien Spenser, former Medical Director, Operational Centre Brussels, MSF.

Thank You