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National collaborators and co-investigators HAITI: Ministère de la Sante Publique et de la Population, Port-au-Prince, Dr T Grand Pierre INDIA: Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar Medical College, Rohini, Dr. Prachi Renjhen, Dr. Achal Gulati,

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Support team

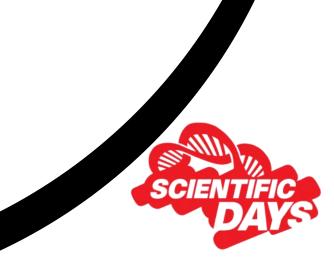
Pran M'men clinic & Umeed Ki Kiran clinic & Mission co-ordination & MSF India communication team

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STRUCTURE

- GLOBAL PROBLEM OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE AND INTIMATE PARTNER **VIGERINGE** VIOLENCE AND INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE HAITI
 - SEXUAL VIOLENCE AND INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE INDIA
- SGBV STUDY OBJECTIVES & METHODOLOGY
- RESEARCH FINDINGS HAITI INDIA
- PROPOSED MODEL



SEXUAL VIOLENCE (SV) AND **INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE (IPV) ISA GLOBAL PROBLEM**

> causing immediate and long-lasting medical and psychological suffering and loss of dignity.

GLOBAL BURDEN

1 in 14

of woman experience Sexual Violence (SV) by a non-partner



Source : WHO Global Data 2013

GLOBAL BURDEN

1 in 14

of woman experience Sexual Violence (SV) by a non-partner



1 in **3**

women have experienced physical and/or sexual violence by an intimate partner.

Source: WHO Global Data 2013

SGBV BURDEN HAITI - INDIA

HAITI 1 in 8 INDIA 1 in 16

of woman aged 15-49 have experienced Sexual Violence (SV) by any perpetrator in their lifetime.

> Source : Haiti: Peterman et al (2015) and Haïti Mortality, Morbidity, and Service Utilization Survey, Source : India's National Family Health Survey 2012918

SGBV BURDEN HAITI - INDIA

HAITI 1 in 8 INDIA 1 in 16

of woman aged 15-49 have experienced Sexual Violence (SV) by any perpetrator in their lifetime.

> Source : Haiti: Peterman et al (2015) and Haïti Mortality, Morbidity, and Service Utilization Survey, Source : India's National Family Health Survey 2012918

HAITI 1 in 5

ever-married women experienced spousal physical, sexual, or emotional violence

Consequences of Sexual Violence (SV) and Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)

The health consequences can be exacerbated by delays in seeking care.

Physical

Social

Psychological

HEALTH SEEKING BEHAVIOUR HAITI - INDIA

HAITI

2 in 100

SV and IPV survivors sought medical or legal help.



Child survivors of Sexual Abuse sought help from formal services.

> Source: Haiti: Gage (2005) and CDC (2014) Violence against Children in Haiti: Findings from a National Survey, Source : India's National Family Health Su2023.



HAITI - INDIA

HAITI

2 in 100

SV and IPV survivors sought medical or legal help.



Child survivors of Sexual Abuse sought help from formal services.

Source: Haiti: Gage (2005) and CDC (2014) Violence against Children in Haiti: Findings from a National Survey, Source : India's National Family Health Su2043.

INDIA

SV and IPV survivors, did tell someone.

1 in 3



SV and IPV survivors, sought medical help.

SGBV KAP STUDY, PORT-AU-PRINCE, HAITI NEW-DELHI, INDIA

A comprehensive understanding of barriers to care for survivors of SGBV is essential in order to adapt services and increase utilization.

STUDY OBJECTIVES

Knowledge of SGBV; its consequences, treatment, and available services

Attitudes towards health consequences of SGBV

Care-seeking practices; barriers and enablers to access care

Strategies improve access & uptake of care.

METHODOLOGY

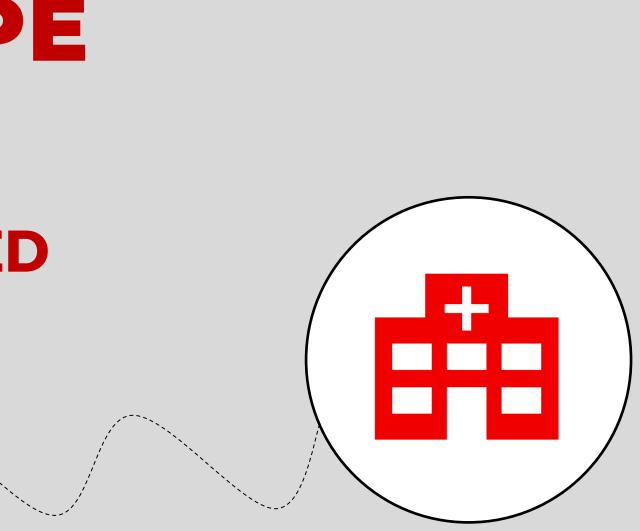
Study Design: Multi-phase, sequential mixed-methods

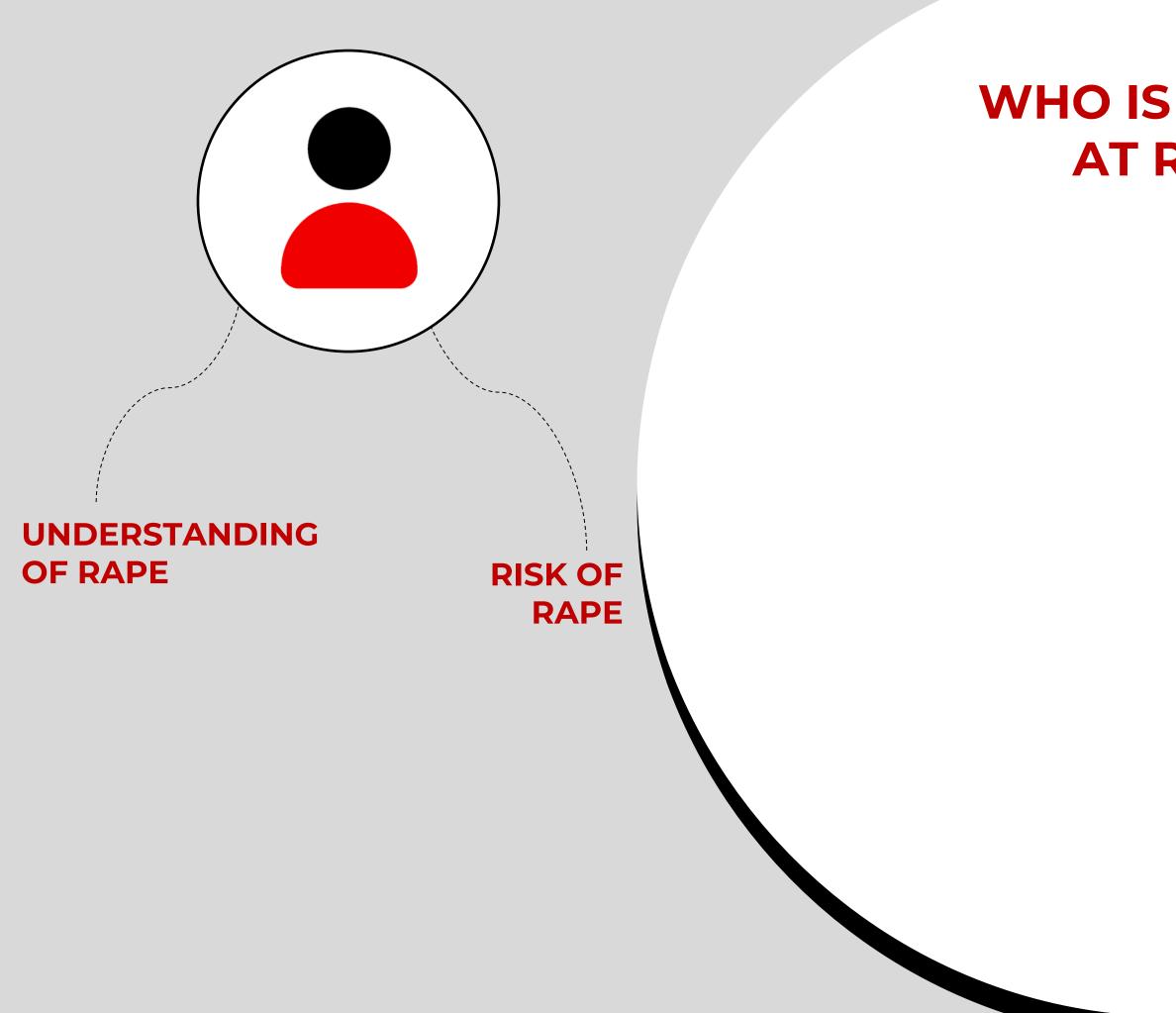
- Haiti Study population : estimated population of 2.5 M
- Quantitative KAP : 1,083 (409 men and 674 women)
- Focus group discussions : 228 participants in 24 FGDs
- Youth Focus group discussions : 38 participants in 8
- Freeph Interviews: 15 key stakeholders and 8 survivors
- India Population : Jahangirpuri, estimated population of
- **Qiantitative KAP** : **1,257** (423 men and 833 women)
- Focus group discussions : 81 participants in 14 FGDs
- In Dept Interviews : 12 participants



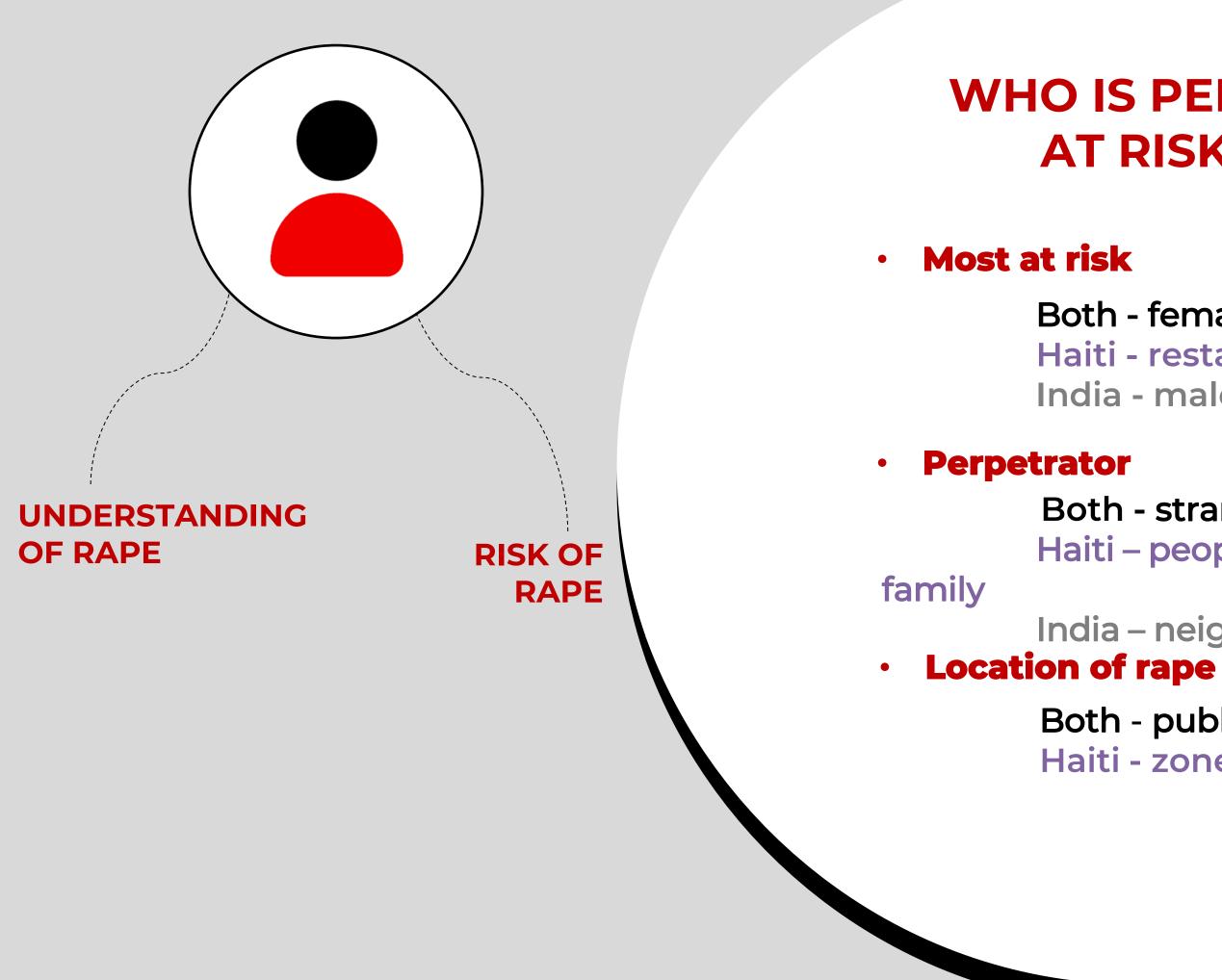
A PERSON FACING RAPE

WHAT IS THE PERCEIVED PATHWAY TO CARE?



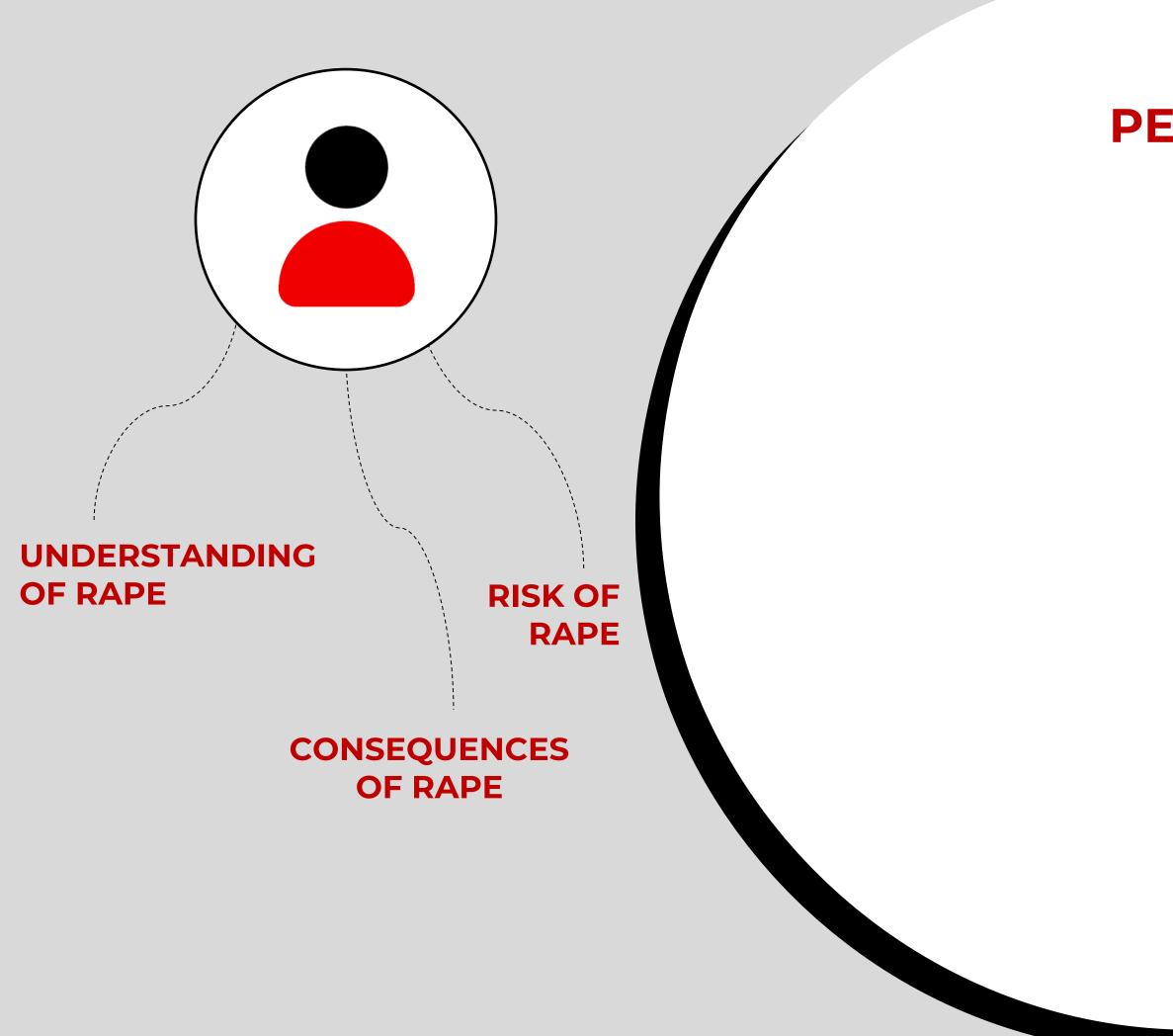


WHO IS PERCEIVED TO BE AT RISK OF RAPE ?

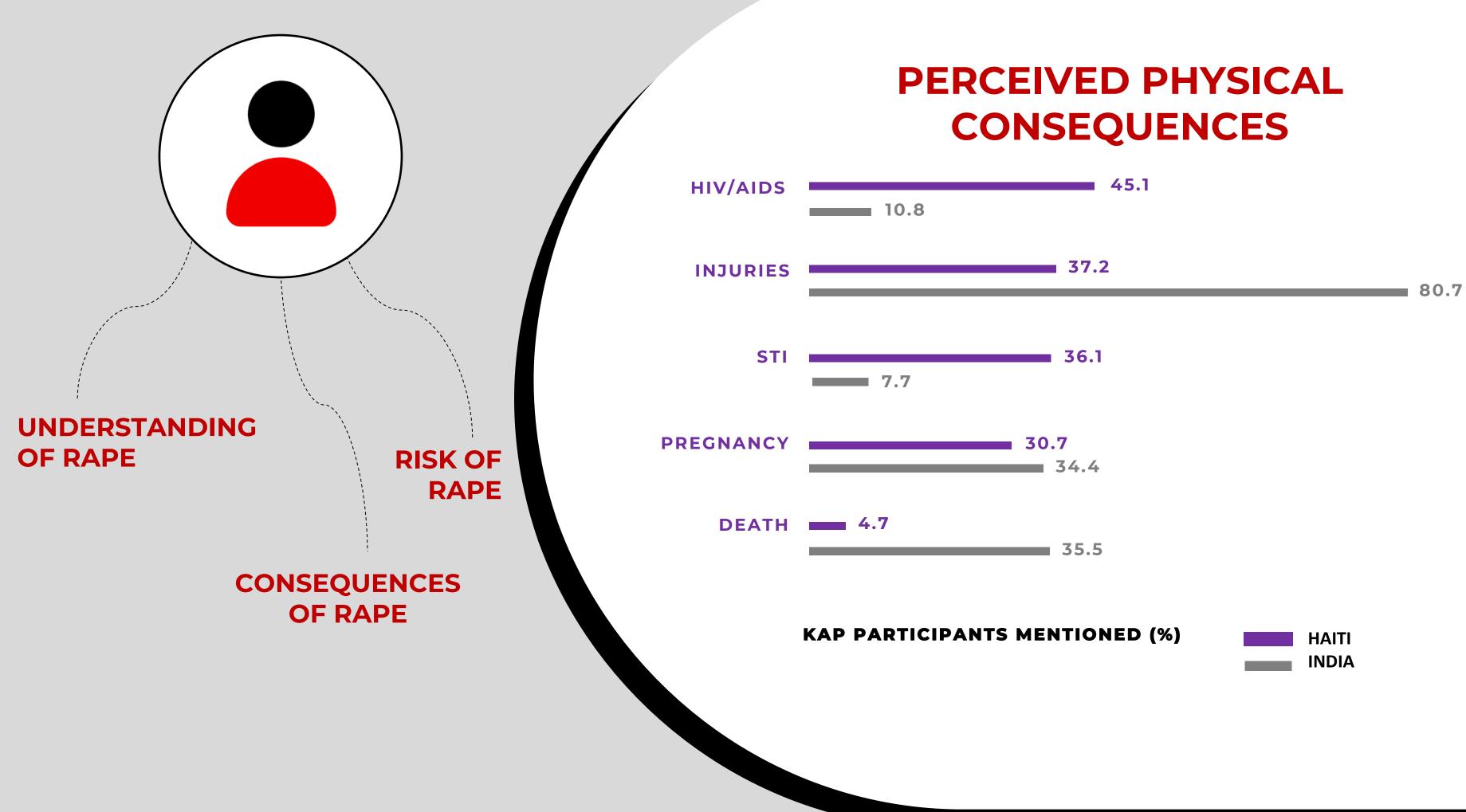


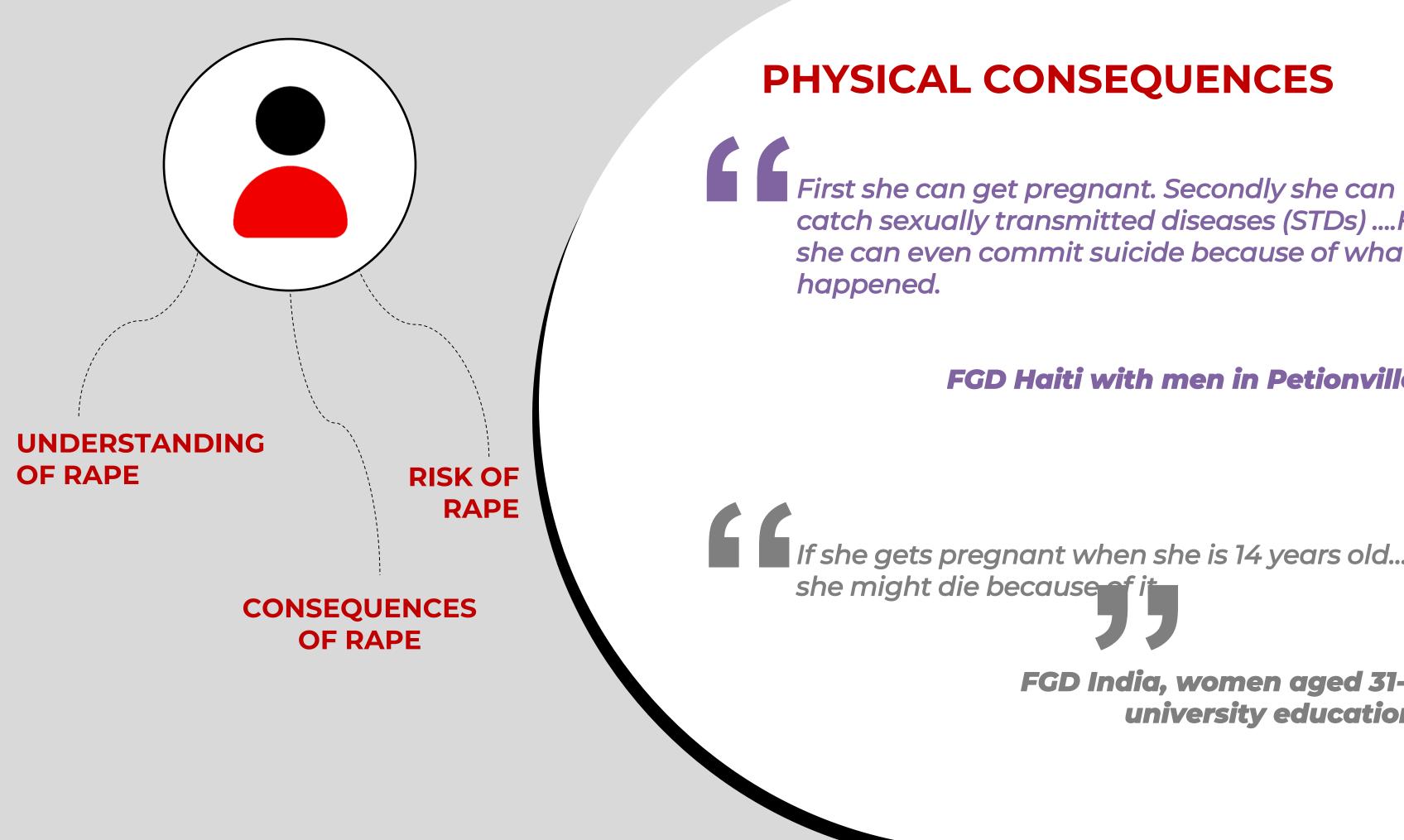
WHO IS PERCEIVED TO BE AT RISK OF RAPE ?

- Both female children and adolescents Haiti - restaveks
- India male children and adolescents
- Both strangers, criminals Haiti – people with power, partner, friend,
- India neighbor, friend, colleague, teacher on of rape
- Both public places and at home Haiti - zone defavorisé



PERCEIVED PHYSICAL CONSEQUENCES





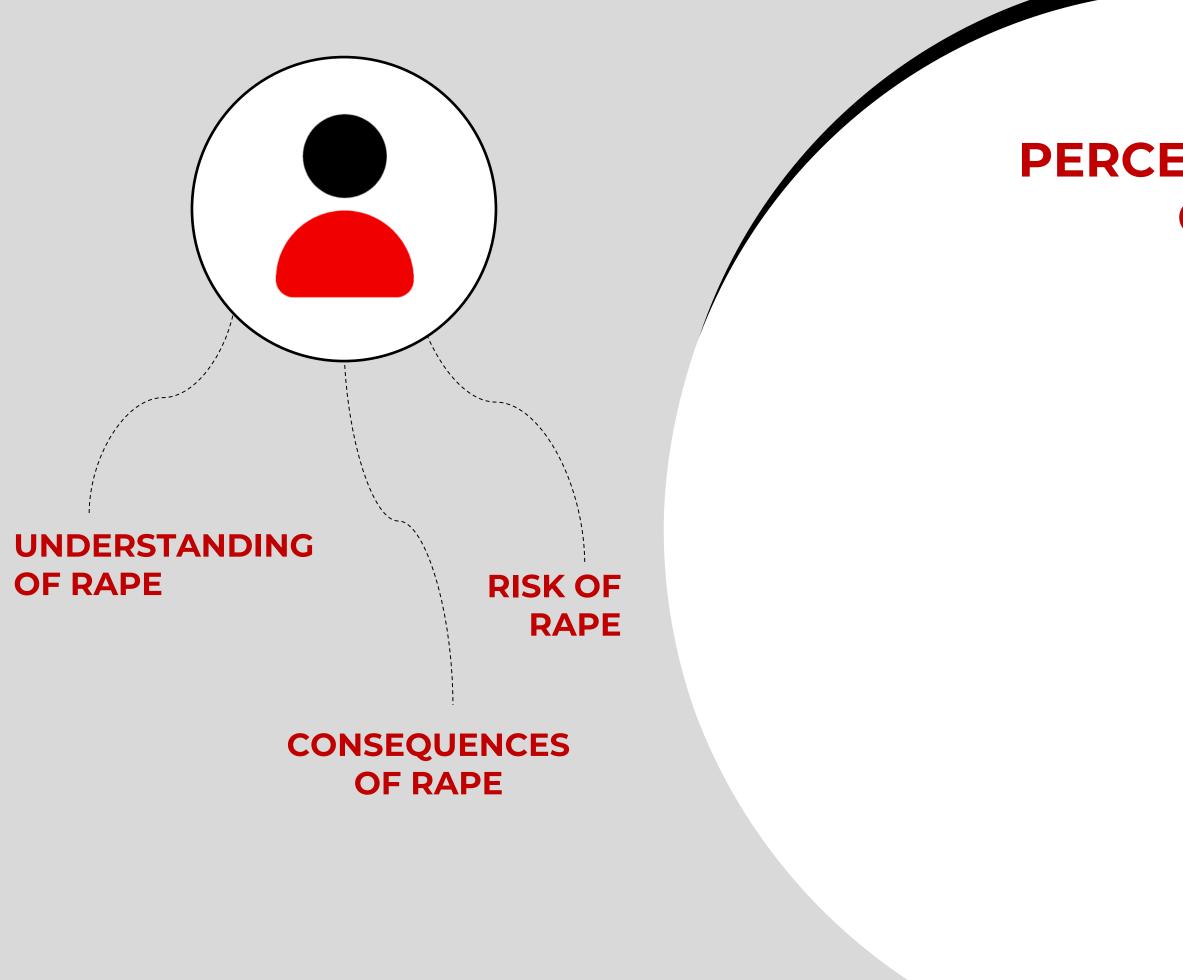
PHYSICAL CONSEQUENCES

catch sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) Finally, she can even commit suicide because of what

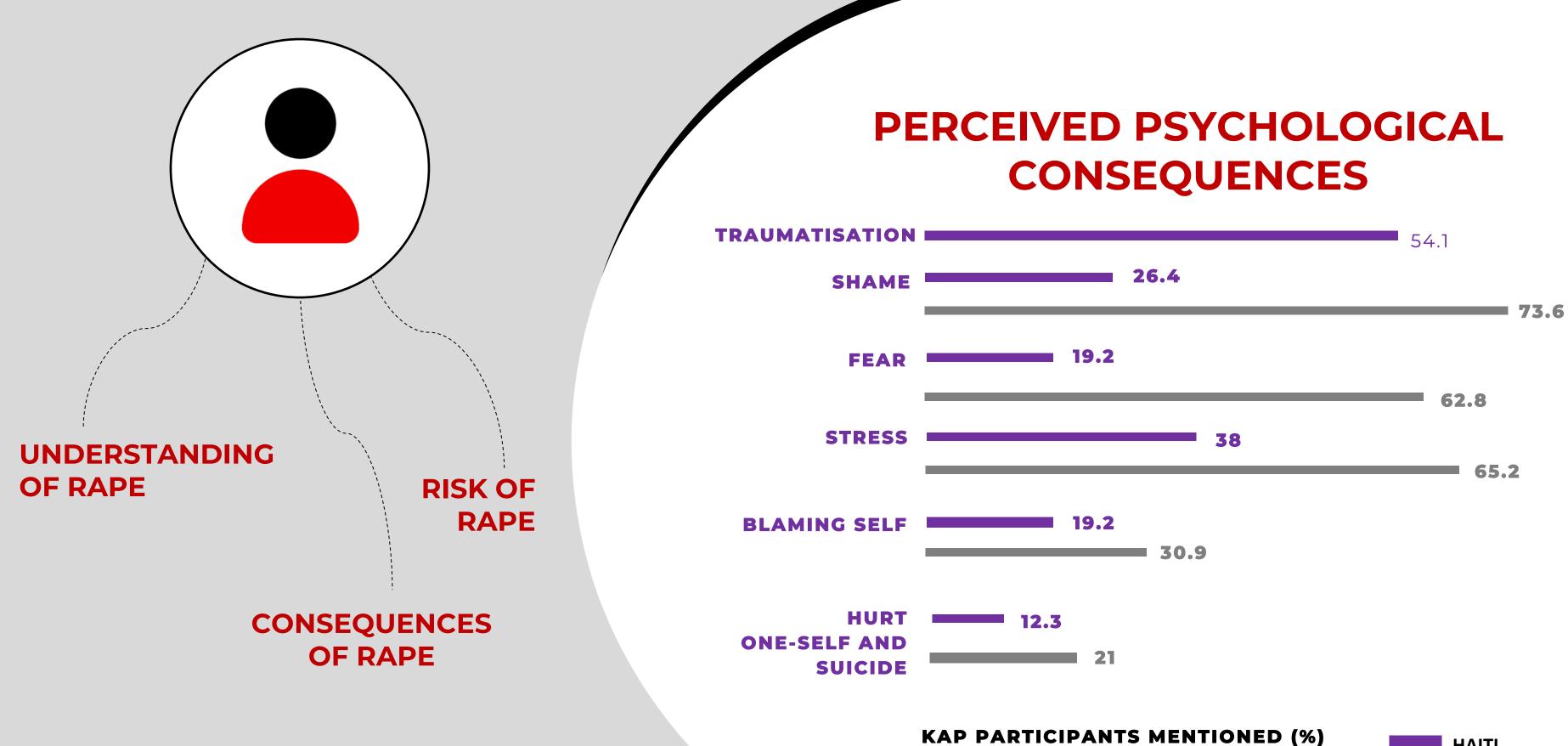
FGD Haiti with men in Petionville [FG10]

If she gets pregnant when she is 14 years old....then FGD India, women aged 31-50 with

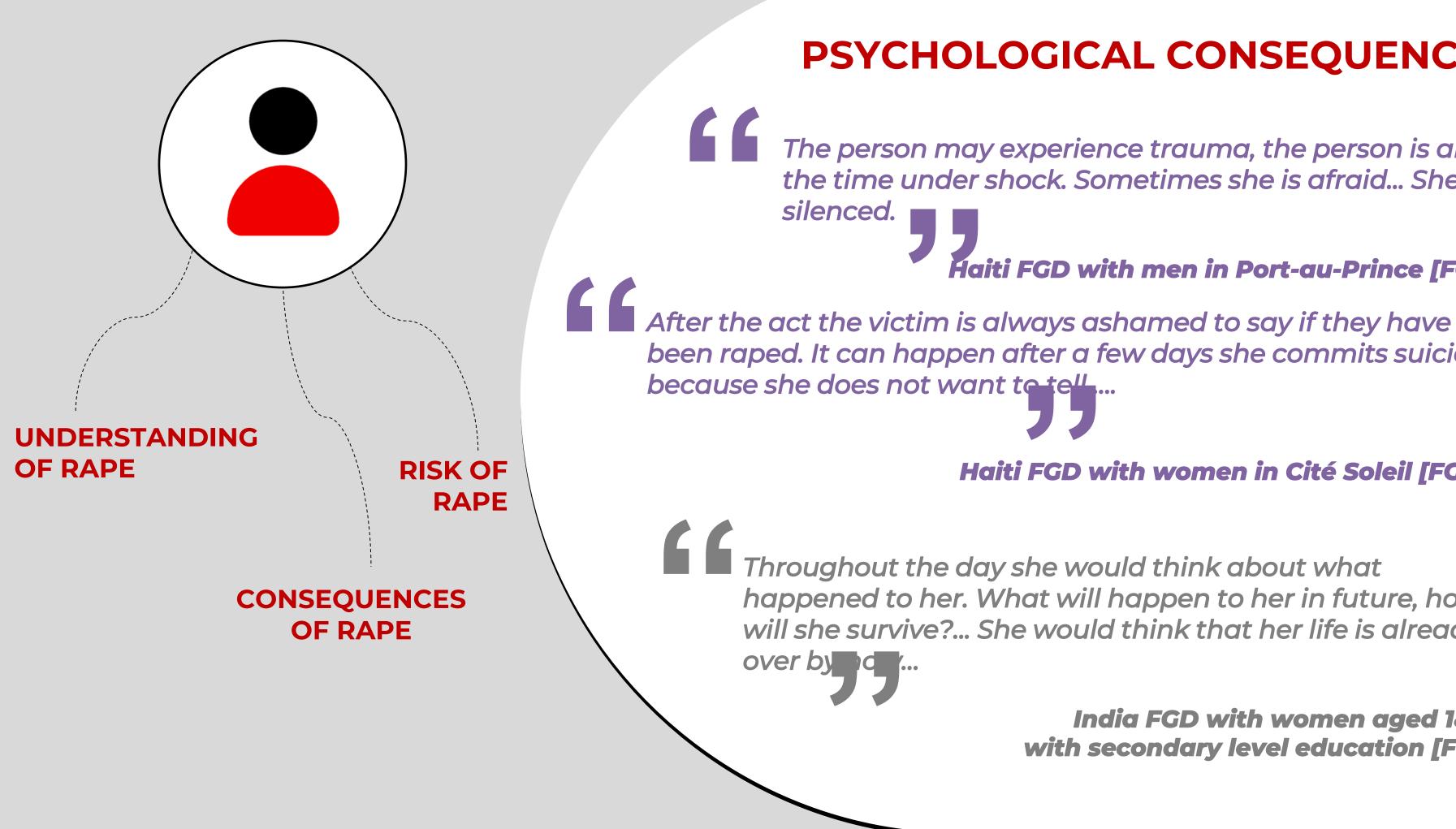
university education [FG10]



PERCEIVED PSYCHOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES







PSYCHOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES

The person may experience trauma, the person is all the time under shock. Sometimes she is afraid... She is

Haiti FGD with men in Port-au-Prince [FG11]

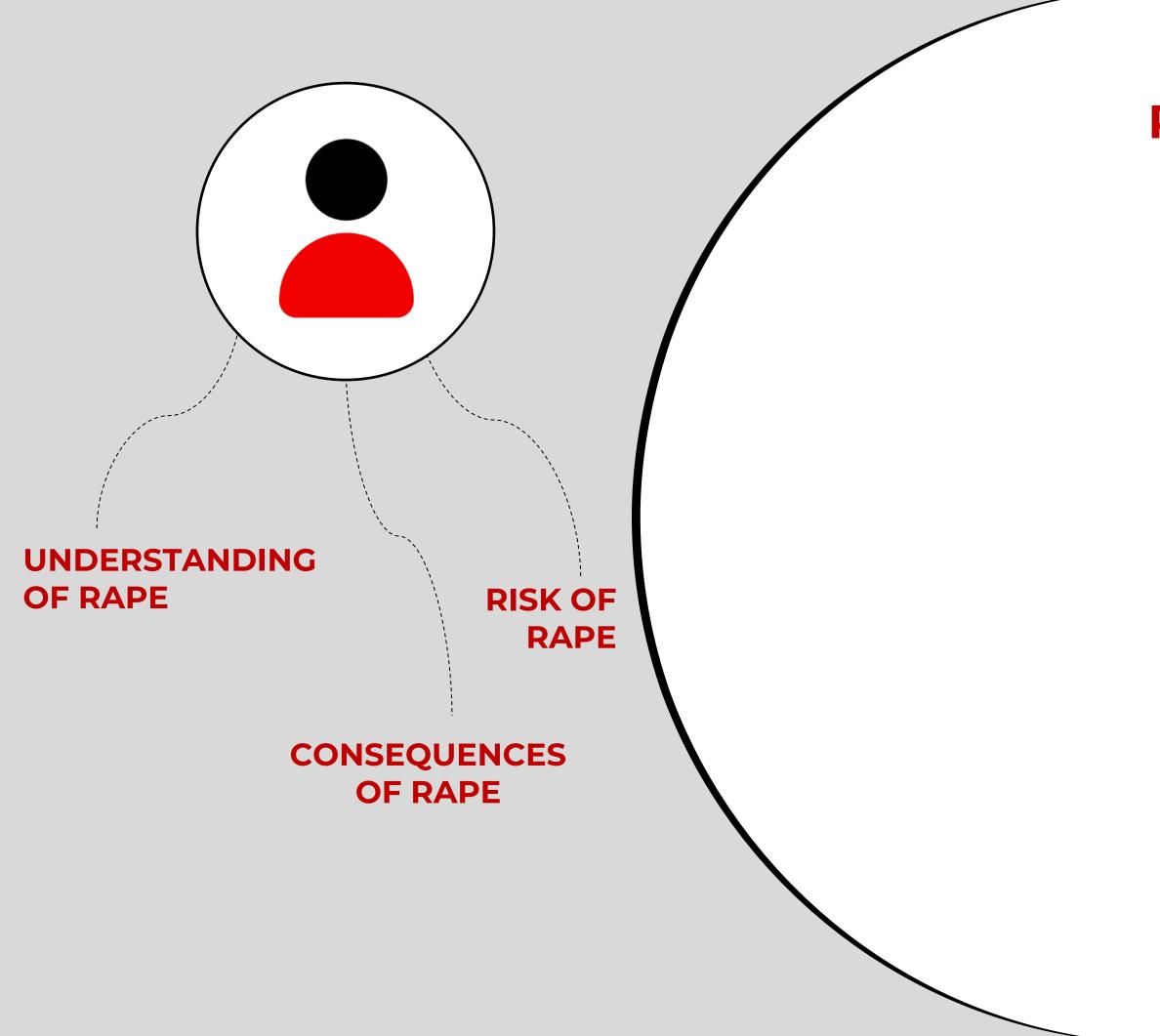
been raped. It can happen after a few days she commits suicide

Haiti FGD with women in Cité Soleil [FG05]

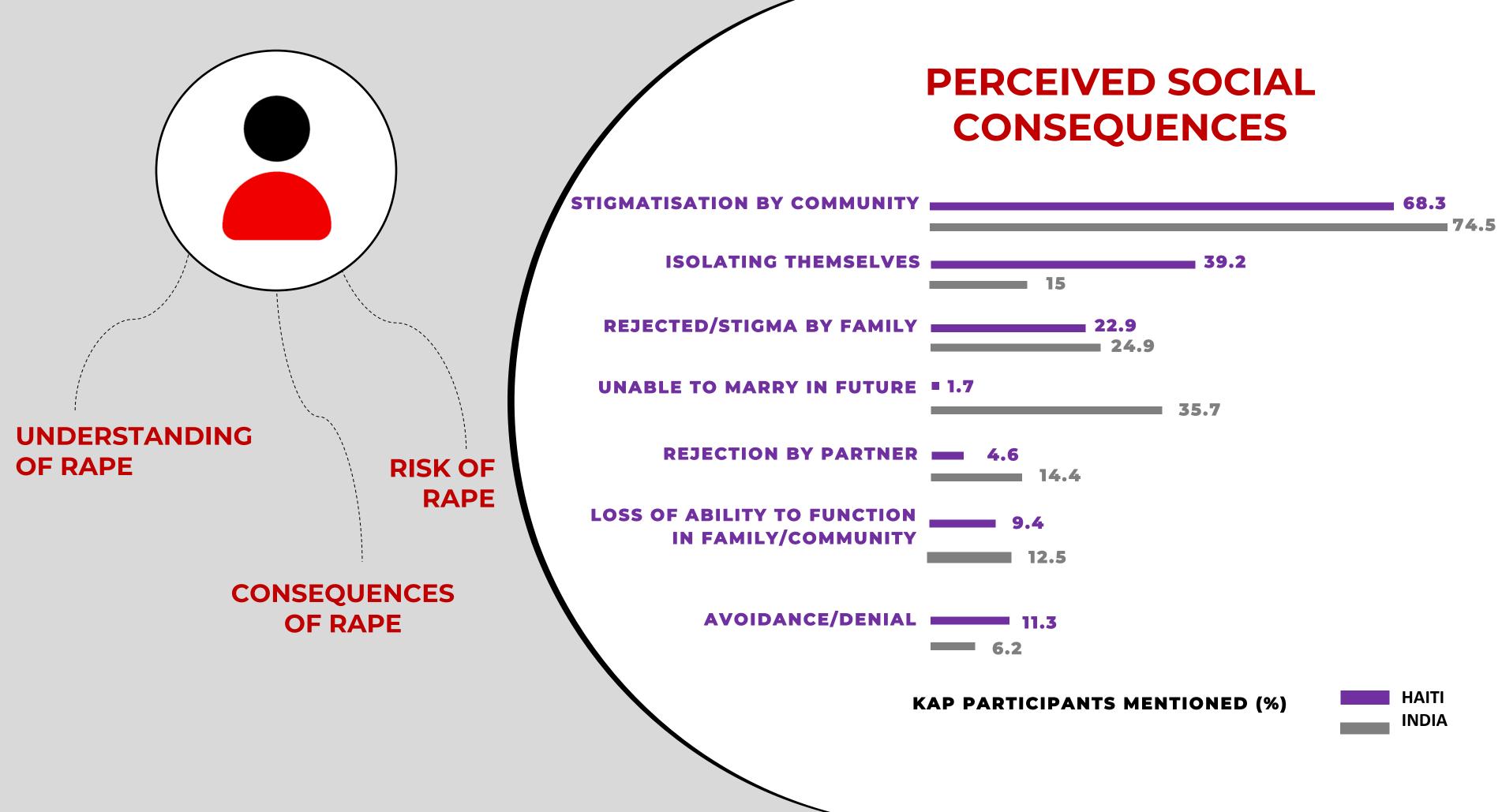
happened to her. What will happen to her in future, how

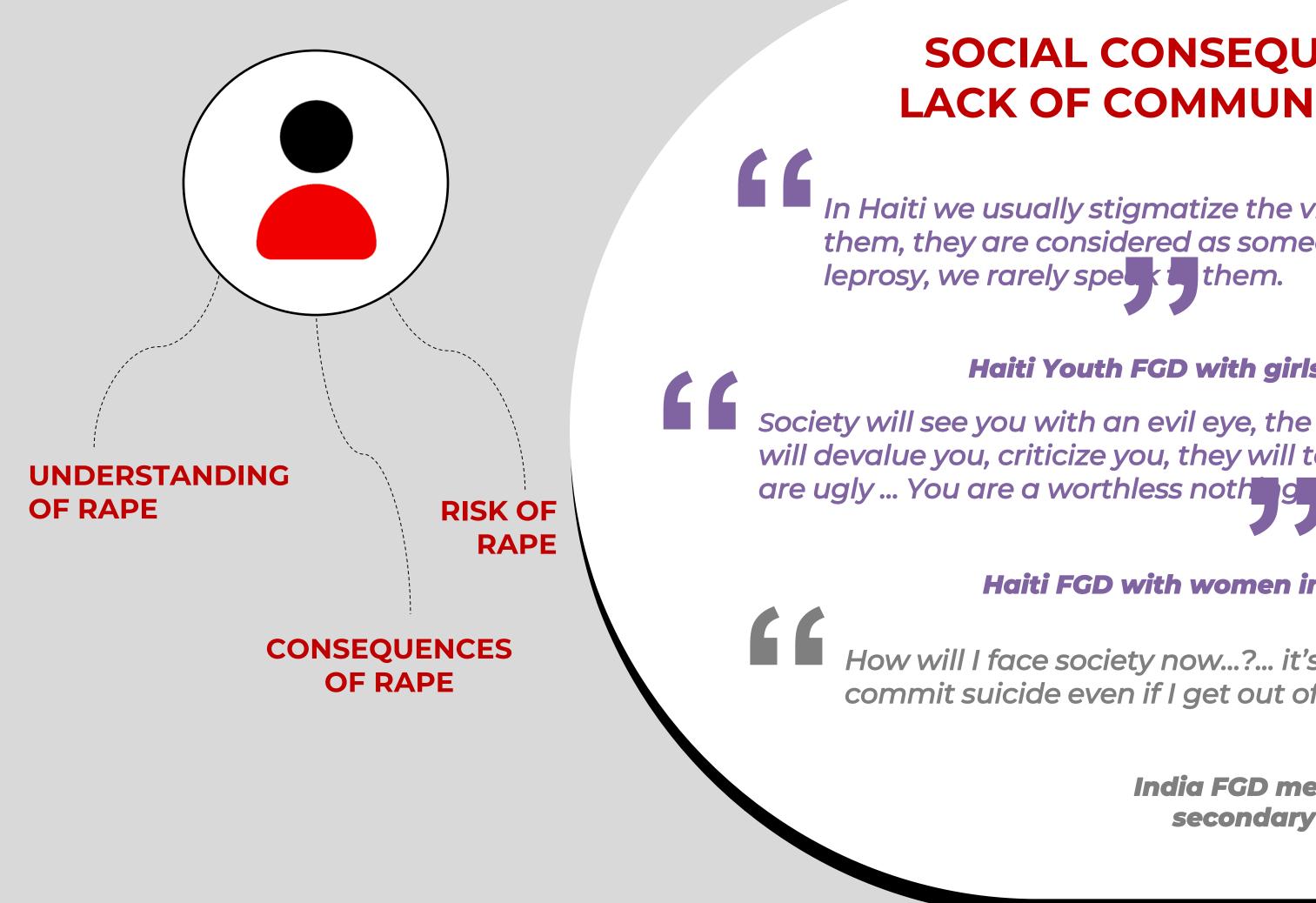
will she survive?... She would think that her life is already

India FGD with women aged 18-30 with secondary level education [FG01]



PERCEIVED SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES





SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES AND LACK OF COMMUNITY SUPPORT

In Haiti we usually stigmatize the victim... isolate them, they are considered as someone who has leprosy, we rarely spe**ll** them.

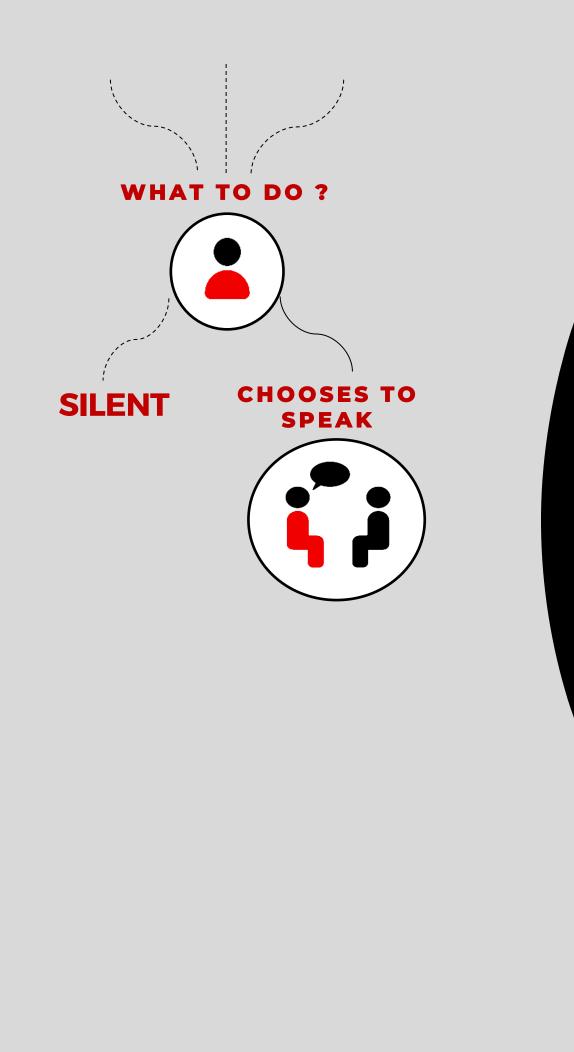
Haiti Youth FGD with girls in Tabarre [YFG06]

Society will see you with an evil eye, the future too, they will devalue you, criticize you, they will tell you that you

Haiti FGD with women in Petionville [FG12]

How will I face society now...?... it's better to commit suicide even if I get out of thi

> India FGD men aged 31-50 with secondary education [FG07]

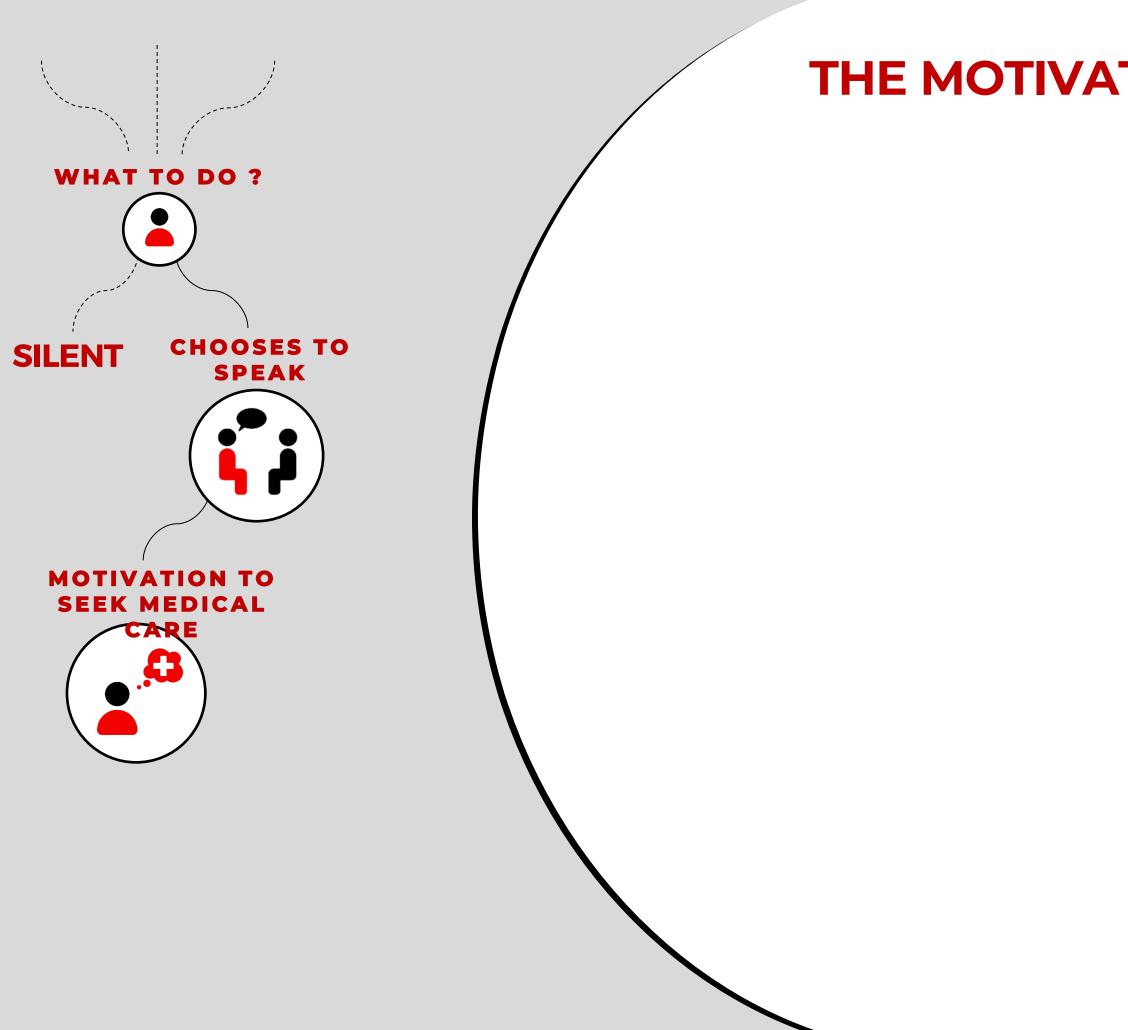


Almost all participants believed survivors **NEED help** and care.

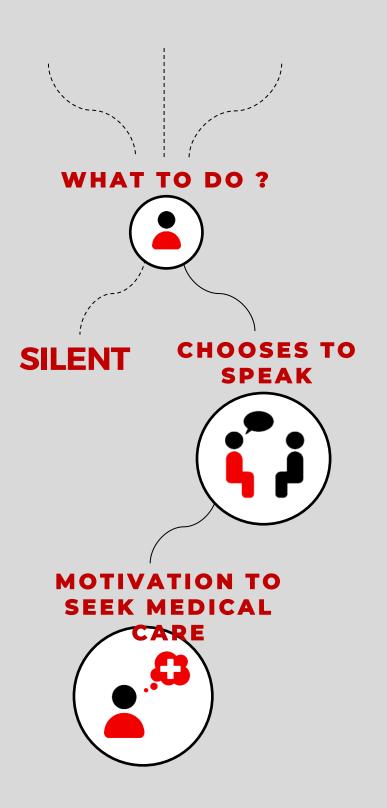
Most FGD participants emphasized survivors **SHOULD** seek medical care or report to the police, but ...

Those who manage to speak out, would FIRST disclose to a friend or family member, who's role is critical in facilitating access to care

....believed that most survivors would remain SILENT



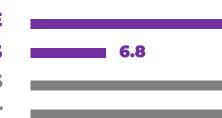
THE MOTIVATION TO SEEK MEDICAL CARE



THE MOTIVATION TO SEEK MEDICAL

Motivation was mostly for treatment of wounds and pain manageme

LAVAGE **TREATMENT OF WOUNDS TREATMENT OF WOUNDS** PAIN MANAGEMENT



Motivation for testing or

HIV TESTING HIV TESTING	12.3
PREGNANCY TESTING PREGNANCY TESTING	
HIV PREVENTION (PEP) HIV PREVENTION (PEP)	8.4
STI PREVENTION / TREATMENT STI PREVENTION / TREATMENT	5.7
PREGNANCY PREVENTION (ECP) PREGNANCY PREVENTION (ECP)	14 16

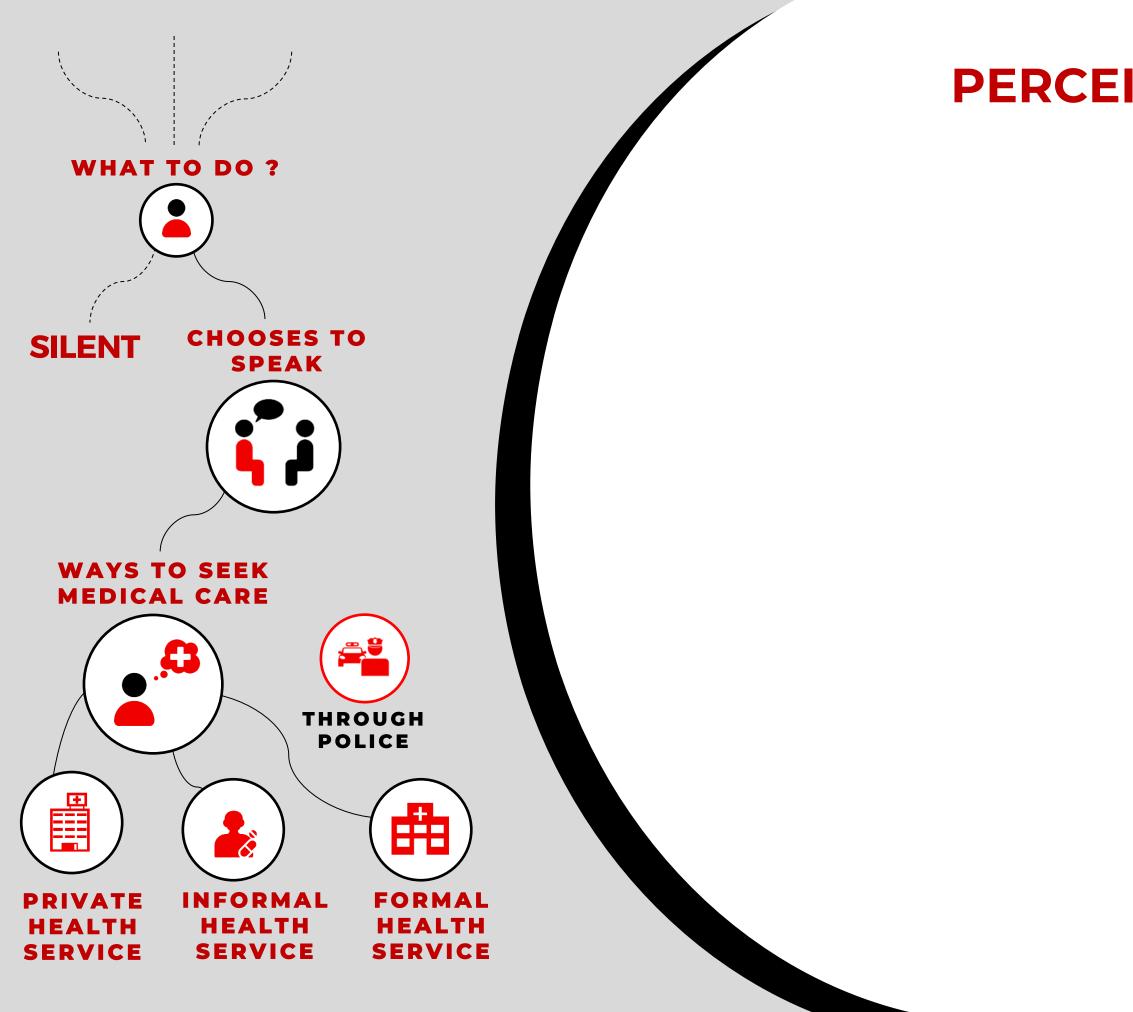
Motivation for psychoso

PSYCHO-SOCIAL COUNSELLING PSYCHO-SOCIAL COUNSELLING

PREGNANCY **PREGNANCY**

FREQUENCY (%

				57.3	
				65.8	
	38.9				
preven	tion of p	regna	ncy, F	liv, sti	
			49.2		
28	31.3 3.5				
25					
20.9					
6.9					
cial care	3				
20.9	30.9				
6)		HAITI INDIA			



PERCEIVED HELP SEEKING BEHAVIOUR



PERCEIVED HELP SEEKING BEHAVIOUR

First step was -> Able to disclose to family or friends -> Receive support

Those able to seek medical care -> Hospitals or health clinics -> Preference for private services

India -> Perceived first

-> Perceived necessary to report to police



HELP SEEKING BEHAVIOUR

Sometimes [survivors] take a lot of time before going to the hospital... They are afraid to tell the truth, because society will judge them... she keeps it SECRET for fear of society

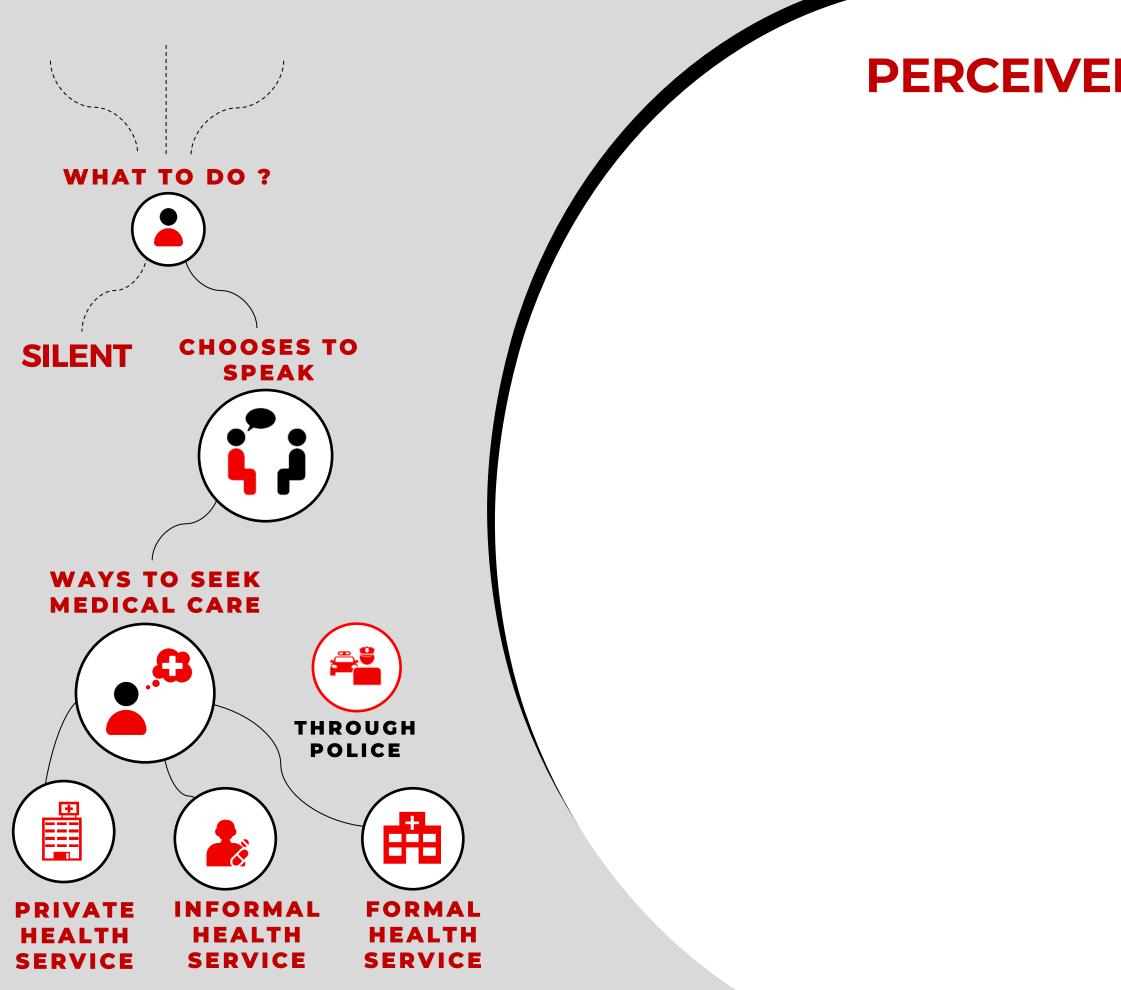
Haiti- FGD with women in Cité Soleil [FG05]

India-FGD with women aged 31-50 with secondary education FG03]

India - FGD with women aged 31-50 With no/primary education [FG12]

It was after 8 days that I went to the hospital ... since I was raped... I did not come [to MSF] immediately.... I talked with my

Haiti-Interview with survivor [SV02]



PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO SEEKING CAR



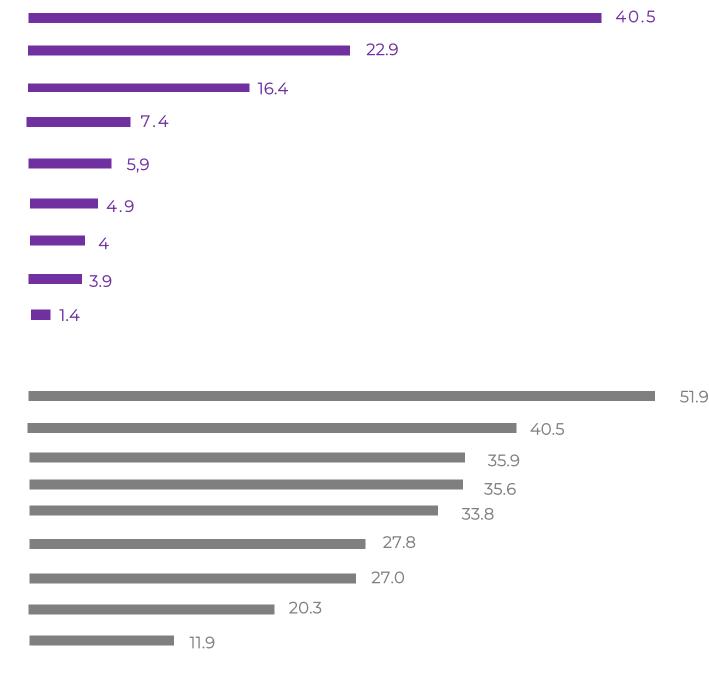
SHAME / STIGMA / FEAR OF DISCLOSURE TOO EXPENSIVE POOR ATTITUDE HEALTH CARE LONG WAITING TIMES IN HOSPITWORKER LACK OF DRUGS/TREATMENT **UNDIGNIFIED/DISRESPECTFUL CARE**

INSUFFICIENT HEALTH CARE WORKERS LACK OF KNOWLEDGE OF HEALTH WORKERS LACK OF CONFIDENTIALITY **NO FEMALE STAFF TOO ASHAMED** LONG WAITING TIME IN HOSPITAL POOR ATTITUDE OF HEALTH WORKERS FEAR / RETRAUMATISATION FEAR OF STIGMA / SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES WILL NOT TREAT UNLESS VISIT LACK OF CONFIDENTIRLIFE



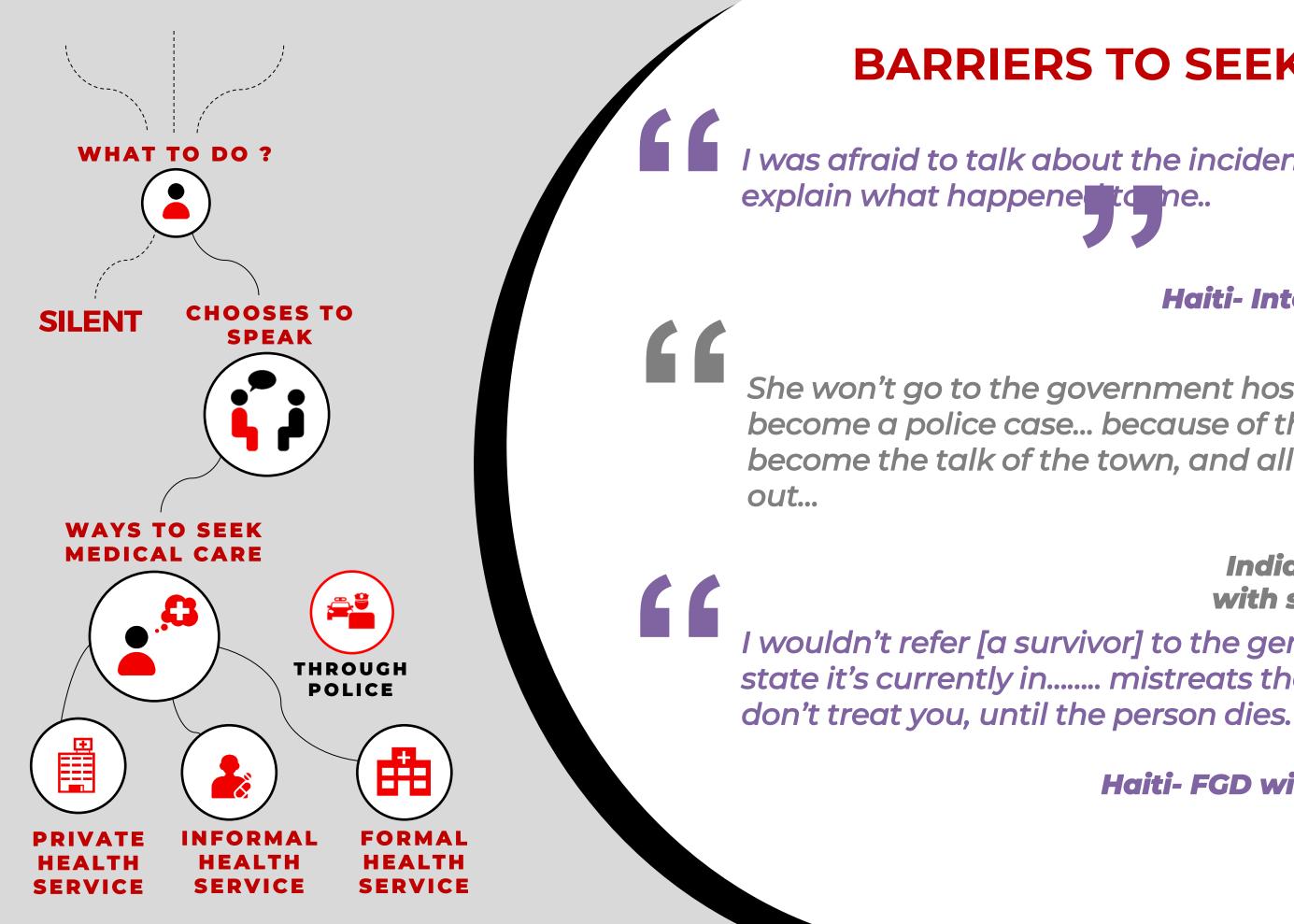
TOO EXPENSIVE

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO SEEKING CAR



KAP PARTICIPANTS MENTIONED (%)





BARRIERS TO SEEKING CARE

was afraid to talk about the incident ... I was ashamed to

Haiti-Interview with survivor [SV02]

She won't go to the government hospital, because there it will become a police case... because of the police case, it will become the talk of the town, and all kinds of details will **and**

India - FGD with men aged 31-50 with secondary education [FG07] I wouldn't refer [a survivor] to the general hospital because the

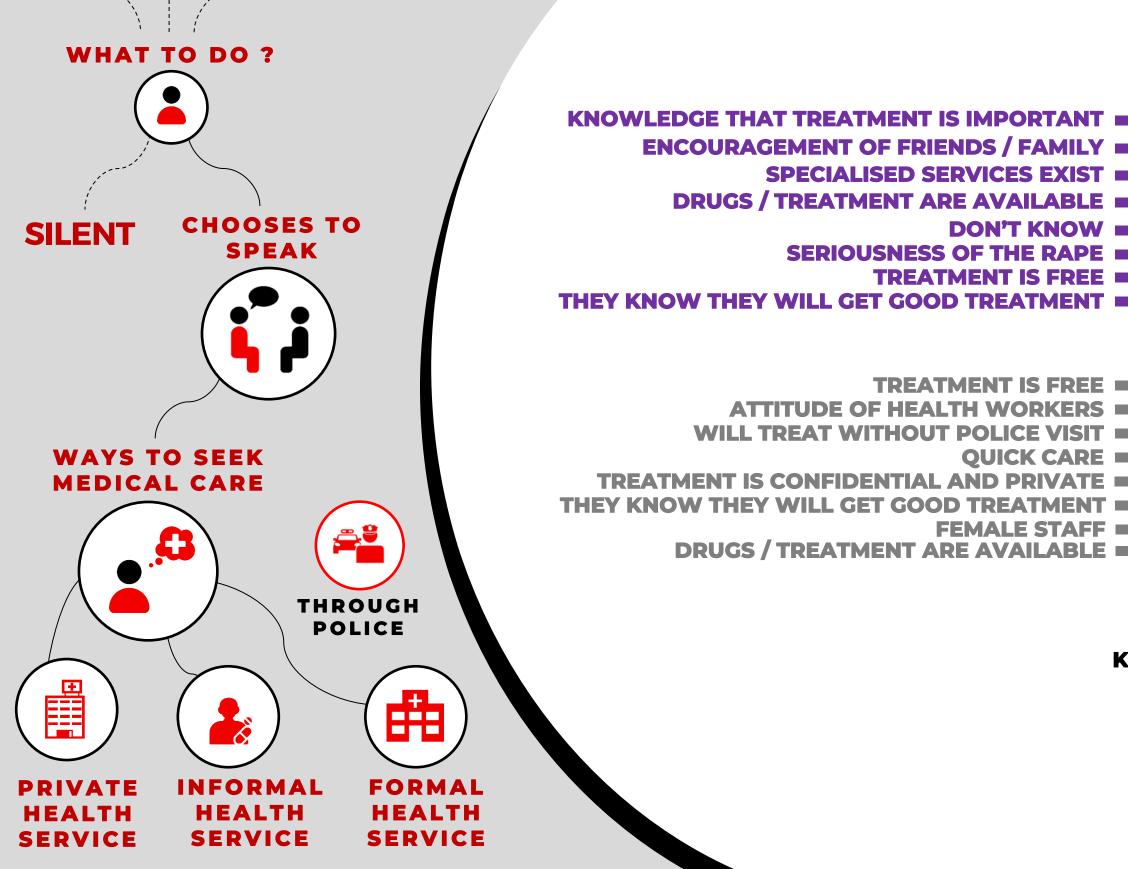
state it's currently in..... mistreats them, minimizes them, they

Haiti- FGD with women in Delmas [FG16]



PERCEIVED MOTIVATORS TO SEEKING CARE

PERCEIVED MOTIVATORS TO SEEKING CARE



18.1	
8.2	
5.5	
3.8	
3.6	
3.1	
= 2.5	
36.4	
33.9	
28.9	
27.9	
22.5	
22.1	
21.8	
19.5	

KAP PARTICIPANTS MENTIONED (%)





MOTIVATORS TO SEEKING CARE

We do not really have the courage, even to walk, if we do not have a person who is there to help you,... .. she will not be able she

Haiti- Interview with survivor [SV7]

We want doctors to treat us, that we are able to approach them,

nd - FGD with transgender, mixed age and education [FG13]

In order for a her to be able to go, it is necessary to know which confidential health center will take care of her case. She must

Haiti-FGD with men in Petionville [FG10]

RECOMMENDATIONS FROM SURVIVOR'S PERSPECTIVE

To encourage them, we must put a lot more care,.... and welcome. A nice welcome is to be kind to patients, so that they can feel at edge. And for the information to be considered confidential, ensure confidentiality whenever a patient comes to the **minut**....

I think we should implement sexual violence-based service in all hospitals and even in provincial citie

- Haiti- Interview with survivor [SV05]

- Haiti- Interview with survivor [SV08]

- Haiti-Interview with survivor [SV02]

OPERATIONAL STEPS TAKEN SINCE THE RESEARCH

In both settings:

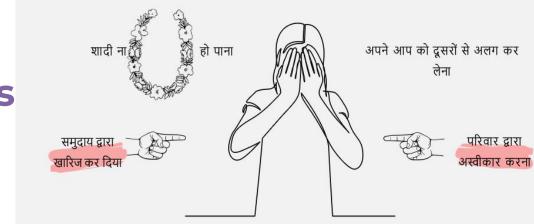
- Community dialogue adapted to community perception and reality
- Use of social media to reach the youth adolescents
- Decentralized SGBV care
- Survivor centered principles
- India: adapted mission advocacy strategy Haiti in process

India:

- 2019 Roundtable with key stakeholders and report sharing
- 2020 Community feedback and consultation started on hold due to COVID-19
- Media fellowship to challenge existing narratives of rape
- Influence policy mandatory reporting by medical staff

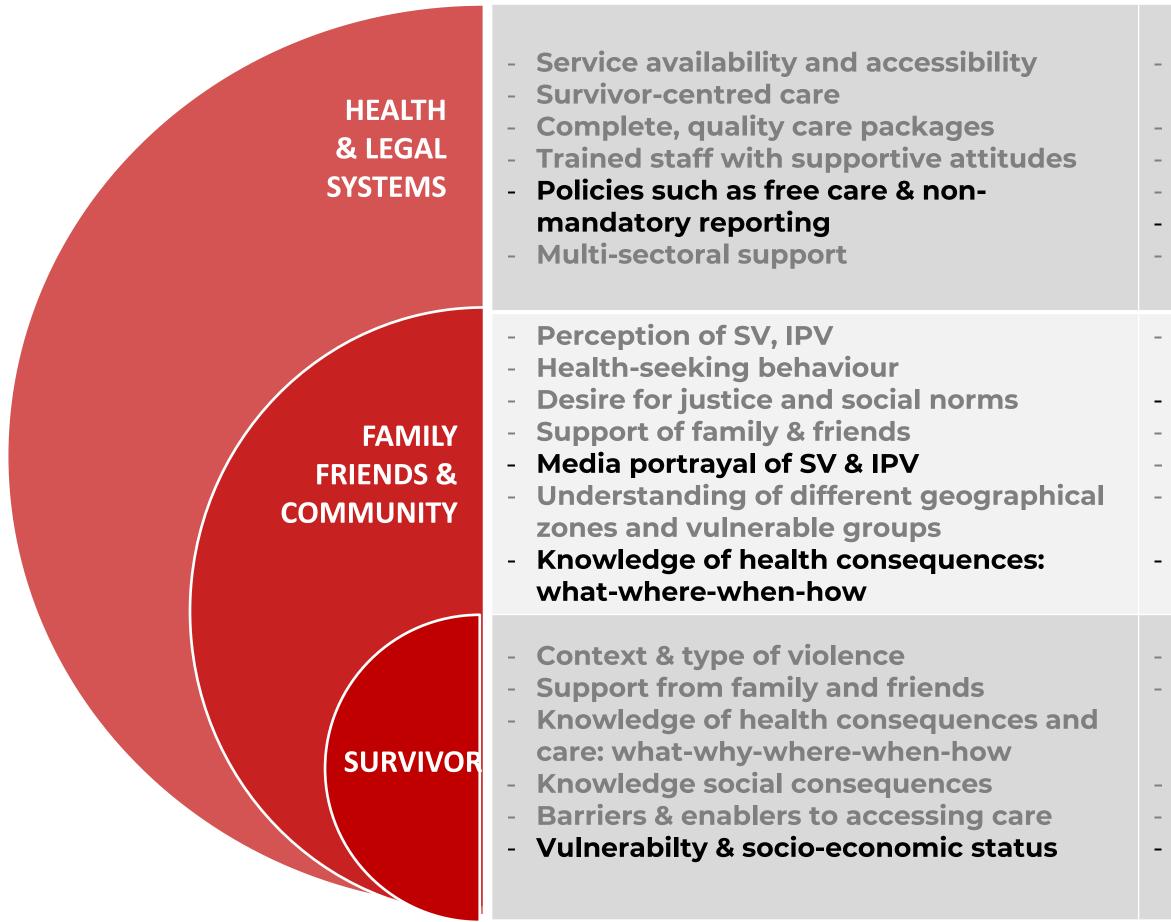
Haiti:

- 2019 Roundtable postponed in 2019 -> insecurity -> 2020 -> COVID-19
- 2020 Community consultation and feedback -> not yet -> insecurity -> COVID-19





MODEL FOR ASSESSMENT OF FACTORS AFFECTING ACCESS TO CARE FACTORS ROLE OF MSF



- Making services available and accessible with an adapted model of care
- Staff training
- Survivor centred principles
 - Safe identification & complete package of care
- Influencing policy: e.g. non-mandatory reporting
 - Linkage to multi-sectoral support
- Addressing the myths, norms and attitudes around SV, IPV, blame and stigma
- Influencing media narratives
 - **Community based support persons**
 - **Provision of community based care**
 - Reaching out across geographic zones to
 - different vulnerable groups
- Creating awareness of health consequences and where to find support
- Understanding context
- Addressing understanding of SV, IPV, health and psychological consequences, and where to seek care
 - Improving trust in services
- Addressing barriers to accessing care
- Reaching out to different vulnerable and socioeconomic groups

I would say [to a survivor] life is not over, you have to go take care, continue living your life fully, you have to give your life meaning, this event cannot destroy you, but it must motivate you more to ... get where you want to go.

Haiti- Interview with survivor [SV07]

